Iowa Great Lakes Region Pilot Regional Cluster Analysis



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Iowa Great Lakes Region Pilot Regional Cluster Analysis

Introduction

Maintaining and growing industry clusters has become a focus for economic development professionals, elected officials and policy makers around the nation. A review of the academic and economic development practitioner literature provides a variety of definitions for what is an industry cluster. In the context of this regional cluster analysis, an appropriate definition for an industry cluster is from Michael Enright (1996) who defines an industry cluster as "a set of industries related through buyer-supplier and supplier-buyer relationships, or by common technologies, common buyers or distribution channels or common labor pools" (p. 191).

In 2000, the Iowa Department of Economic Development released *Iowa Target Industry Cluster* Analysis, a study completed by SRI International which identified three major industry clusters for the state of Iowa: advanced manufacturing, life sciences and information solutions. As the State of Iowa has focused much of its economic development strategy upon an industry cluster approach, many rural communities across Iowa have questioned how their rural areas fit within the State's cluster concept and how they can benefit from this approach.

In the Fall of 2002, the Community Vitality Center (CVC), engaged the Institute for Decision Making (IDM) at the University of Northern Iowa to undertake a research project to assist Iowa communities and regions to better determine how the communities' and regions' economic base ties into industry clusters that have been identified for the State of Iowa. The pilot project involved three regions in rural Iowa. The pilot regions where identified based on input and feedback from the Iowa Department of Economic Development, Iowa Workforce Development, Iowa State University's Department of Economics, the Iowa Area Development Group and MidAmerican Energy. Each of the regions had one or more economic development organizations that already had a long-term working relationship with IDM.

Methodology and Framework

A Framework for Regional Cluster Analysis:

As part of this project, IDM staff has worked closely with Dr. Ken Brown, Associate Professor in UNI's Department of Economics, to identify the most relevant literature and approaches for identifying industry clusters at a sub-regional level. IDM felt it was important that the methodology implemented provide local economic development organizations with useful information about the nature and scope of the industry cluster presence in their area, which they could utilize to shape their economic development strategies. After reviewing much of the literature on industry clusters, it was determined that a national industry cluster template framework initially developed by Edward J. Feser at the University of North Carolina (UNC) and Edward M. Bergman at the University of Austria, and then enhanced and expanded by Feser and fellow UNC researcer Jun Koo, could be replicated for regions in Iowa.

In their initial analysis, Feser and Bergman identified 28 "benchmark value-chain clusters" by conducting a statistical analysis of the Benchmark Input-Output Accounts of the United States to identify the trading patterns and technological similarities between industry sectors (Feser &

Bergman, 2000). Value-chain clusters are groups of industries in similar product chains, such as final market producers and their suppliers, or for non-manufacturing industries, groups of industries that utilize similar labor pools, such as banking and advertising. Feser and Koo enhanced the benchmark value-chain clusters by expanding the statistical analysis to include the U.S. Staffing Patterns Matrix and detailed occupational characteristics data from the U.S. Department of Labor, which led to the additional identification of eight "technology value-chain clusters" focusing on high-tech businesses (Feser & Koo, 2001). The benchmark value-chain clusters are detailed in Appendix A and the technology clusters are detailed in Appendix B.

Feser and Koo also identified 17 "benchmark labor clusters" by analyzing the Staff Patterns Matrix along with data from the Occupational Information Network (ONET), which is a matrix that identifies the knowledge and skills required for over 1,100 occupations. The benchmark labor skills ranged from "low skill, non-durable manufacturing" to "information processing" to "health services." Each benchmark labor cluster consists of industries with similar labor skill demands (see Feser & Koo, 2001). The benchmark labor clusters are detailed in Appendix C.

The advantage of using this framework is that the benchmark value-chain clusters and technology benchmark clusters provide a set of industry clusters based on buyer-supplier linkages of industries. Benchmark labor clusters provide a set of industry clusters based on the utilization of similar workforce skills by industries. For each of the three cluster templates (benchmark value-chain clusters, technology clusters and benchmark labor clusters) the industries within each cluster are identified at the four-digit Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) level. Data was not available in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), which is replacing the SIC code system. It is important to keep in mind that many of the industrial sectors have a presence in more than one cluster. An example is that plastics plumbing fixtures (SIC 3088) is in both the chemicals and plastics industry cluster and the motor vehicle manufacturing industry cluster.

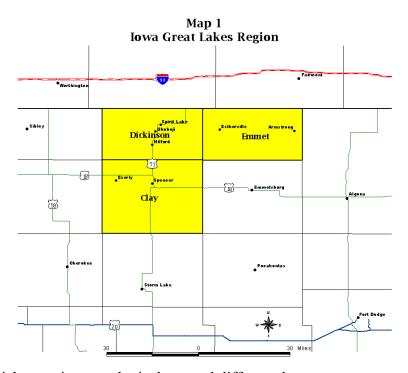
Data for Analysis:

To apply the cluster template framework and conduct regional cluster analysis for the Iowa Great Lakes Region required IDM to acquire U.S., state and county level employment and wage data at the 4-digit SIC Code level from the Minnesota IMPLAN Group (MIG). This data was required since there was no available government data for many industry sectors at the county level, and to a lesser extent at the state level, due to federal data suppression requirements that protect the identity of businesses. MIG uses statistical modeling to estimate employment and wages for all industries present within a specific county. In order to examine cluster trends, IDM obtained data for 1990 and 2000 (the latest data available).

The IMPLAN data was then aggregated into the various benchmark value-chain clusters, technology benchmark clusters and benchmark labor clusters to determine the level of cluster presence in the region. What follows is an analysis of that data for the Iowa Great Lakes Region to determine what clusters have a presence in the region and how the region compares at the U.S. level and Iowa statewide.

Geography of the Iowa Great Lakes Region:

The Iowa Great Lakes Region consists of three Iowa counties: Clay, Dickinson and Emmet counties (see Map 1). The region had a population of just over 44,800 in the 2000 Census. A guarter of the Region's population resides in Spencer, which had a population of 11,317 in 2000. Nearly 30 percent of the population resides in three other communities: Estherville (6.656). Spirit Lake (4,261) and Milford (2,474). The geography of the Iowa Great Lakes Region was determined based on the nature of the functional economies of the major communities in three counties, but with special attention paid to Spencer due to its size.



To determine which counties were logical, several different data sources were reviewed including the Spencer Laborshed Study completed by IDM, 2000 Census data on worker commuting patterns, research completed by David Swenson and Liesl Eathington with the Department of Economics at Iowa State University and updated laborshed maps developed by Iowa Workforce Development for Spencer, Spirit Lake and Milford. In addition, IDM staff had discussions with Chad Shryock, Executive Director of the Iowa Great Lakes Corridor of Opportunity.

Benchmark Value-Chain Clusters

As described previously, the 28 benchmark value-chain clusters are based on buyer and supplier linkages of various industries. Table 1 provides a breakdown of employment and employment concentrations of the benchmark value-chain clusters for the Iowa Great Lakes Region, Iowa and the United States. The table is sorted by total employment in the Iowa Great Lakes Region in the year 2000. The Iowa Great Lakes Region did not have all of the benchmark value-chain clusters present. The metalworking and industrial machinery industry cluster had the highest employment in 2000 with slightly over 1,335 employees followed by the fabricated textiles industry cluster and the construction materials industry cluster.

Of the 21 value-chain clusters which have a presence in the Iowa Great Lakes Region, all but four clusters experienced growth in employment from 1990 to 2000. At the national level for the same timeframe, for the same 21 clusters, 14 clusters experienced employment growth and six clusters experienced a decline in employment. Many of the clusters present in the Iowa Great Lakes Region had employment trends which did not mirror U.S. or Iowa trends. Four clusters in the Iowa Great Lakes Region grew in employment while those clusters declined at the national level (leather goods cluster, food oil mills cluster, aluminum cluster and canned and bottled beverage cluster). Two clusters experienced increases in employment at the national level while in the Iowa Great Lakes Region those clusters had employment declines (securities and insurance cluster and transportation, shipping and logistics cluster). Of the six clusters which where not present in 2000 in the region, only one cluster, the pharmaceuticals cluster experienced employment growth at the U.S. level, yet all but two of those six industry clusters grew statewide.

> Table 1 **Iowa Great Lakes Region Employment Change and Location Quotients**

Employment Ch	lige ui	ra Bota		mploy				
		%	Change			cation Q	motien	ts
Cluster	IA GL 2000	IA GL '90-'00			IA GL 2000	IA GL '90-'00	IA 2000	IA '90- '00
Metalworking and industrial machinery	1,335	2.0%	-0.1%	0.6%	1.4	0.36	1.67	0.19
Fabricated textiles		-5.5%	0.0%	-3.5%	5.2	-0.29	0.63	0.26
Construction materials	948	1.9%	0.3%	1.2%	1.5	0.31	1.11	0.11
Transportation, shipping, and logistics	706	-0.8%	0.2%	2.8%	1.1	-0.25	1.06	-0.08
Printing and publishing	532	1.2%	0.2%	3.4%	0.5	-0.03	0.93	-0.12
Banking and advertising		0.6%	0.1%	1.2%	0.8	0.08	0.91	0.07
Hospitals, labs, and specialized medical services	406	0.0%	0.3%	3.5%	0.3	-0.06	0.82	-0.12
Chemicals and plastics		0.9%	0.1%	1.2%	0.6	0.08	0.97	0.08
Packaged food products	274	0.3%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.9	0.15	2.33	0.35
Primary nonferrous metals	251	1.0%	0.3%	0.8%	2.4	0.39	1.16	0.15
Motor vehicle manufacturing	147	2.2%	0.0%	1.4%	0.3	0.06	1.16	0.05
Wood products and furniture	116	1.1%	0.7%	0.6%	0.6	0.12	1.32	0.23
Canned and bottled beverages	97	0.5%	-0.4%	-1.6%	2.8	0.87	4.37	1.14
Leather goods	97	6.9%	-0.3%	-6.7%	8.8	6.86	0.59	0.34
Legal services	89	0.0%	-0.1%	1.0%	0.5	0.03	0.59	0.05
Securities and insurance	75	-0.8%	0.3%	2.1%	0.2	-0.03	1.25	0.01
Information technology and instruments	40	1.1%	0.0%	2.7%	0.0	0.00	0.68	-0.06
Aluminum	30	1.1%	0.2%	-2.9%	0.9	0.40	1.90	0.74
Food oil mills	13	6.4%	0.3%	-1.0%	2.5	1.48	4.65	1.24
Apparel	9	0.0%	-1.1%	-4.6%	0.0	-2.41	0.28	0.12
Boat building	3	0.0%	-1.9%	0.3%	0.1	0.01	0.68	-0.03
Aerospace	0	NA	-0.2%	-5.1%	0.0	0.00	1.35	0.67
Jewelry	0	NA	1.2%	-2.4%	0.0	0.00	0.03	0.01
Petroleum products	0	NA	0.9%	-2.1%	0.0	0.00	0.36	0.14
Pharmaceuticals	0	NA	0.3%	2.7%	0.0	0.00	0.65	-0.04
Platemaking and typesetting	0	NA	0.1%	-1.8%	0.0	0.00	1.27	0.40
Stone, clay, and glass products	0	NA	-1.7%	-1.3%	0.0	0.00	1.24	0.16

Data source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics ES-202 files (from Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc). The tobacco products cluster has been left out. IA GL = the Iowa Great Lakes Region.

Table 2 compares the wage and employment data for each of the value-chain clusters at the national level, state level and at the Iowa Great Lakes Region level for 1990 and 2000.

> Table 2 **Iowa Great Lakes Region Benchmark Value-Chain Clusters Employment and Average Wages**

	Employment						Average Wage			
				6 Change			% Change			
Cluster	2000	Per Estab.	IA GL '90-'00	IA '90- '00	US '90- '00	2000	GL IA '90- '00	IA '90- '00	US '90- '00	
Metalworking and industrial machinery	1,335	31.0	2.0%	-0.1%	0.6%		0.8%	0.4%	4.1%	
Fabricated textiles	1,033	258.3	-5.5%	0.0%	-3.5%	35,381	1.7%	0.2%	5.9%	
Construction materials	948	29.6	1.9%	0.3%	1.2%	34,146	0.4%	0.4%	5.1%	
Transportation, shipping, and logistics	706	10.4	-0.8%	0.2%	2.8%	26,996	-0.4%	0.4%	3.4%	
Printing and publishing	532	11.6	1.2%	0.2%	3.4%	27,929	0.6%	0.7%	8.7%	
Banking and advertising	527	9.2	0.6%	0.1%	1.2%	32,919	0.2%	0.6%	10.3%	
Hospitals, labs, and specialized medical services	406	10.4	0.0%	0.3%	3.5%	26,115	0.3%	0.6%	8.1%	
Chemicals and plastics	319	8.9	0.9%	0.1%	1.2%	29,883	0.1%	0.6%	4.1%	
Packaged food products	274	30.4	0.3%	-0.1%	0.1%	27,060	0.1%	0.3%	4.2%	
Primary nonferrous metals	251	41.8	1.0%	0.3%	0.8%	34,535	0.8%	0.1%	4.0%	
Motor vehicle manufacturing	147	12.3	2.2%	0.0%	1.4%	34,530	0.8%	0.5%	4.6%	
Wood products and furniture	116	9.7	1.1%	0.7%	0.6%	21,501	0.6%	0.4%	3.5%	
Canned and bottled beverages	97	19.4	0.5%	-0.4%	-1.6%	43,557	-0.2%	0.5%	6.2%	
Leather goods	97	97.0	6.9%	-0.3%	-6.7%	20,551	0.6%	0.4%	6.6%	
Legal services	89	3.4	0.0%	-0.1%	1.0%	22,041	0.1%	0.9%	5.0%	
Securities and insurance	75	2.3	-0.8%	0.3%	2.1%	16,984	-1.8%	0.5%	8.1%	
Information technology and instruments	40	3.6	1.1%	0.0%	2.7%	37,027	2.3%	0.6%	10.2%	
Aluminum	30	30.0	1.1%	0.2%	-2.9%	41,336	0.3%	0.3%	4.0%	
Food oil mills	13	6.5	6.4%	0.3%	-1.0%	53,382	1.0%	0.4%	4.1%	
Apparel	9	4.5	0.0%	-1.1%	-4.6%	20,948	-1.3%	0.1%	5.3%	
Boat building	3	3.0	0.0%	-1.9%	0.3%	27,274	0.6%	2.0%	4.0%	
Aerospace	0	NA	NA	-0.2%	-5.1%	NA	NA	0.4%	5.2%	
Jewelry	0	NA	NA	1.2%	-2.4%	NA	NA	0.2%	6.8%	
Petroleum products	0	NA	NA	0.9%	-2.1%	NA	NA	0.1%	5.3%	
Pharmaceuticals	0	NA	NA	0.3%	2.7%	NA	NA	0.6%	4.3%	
Platemaking and typesetting	0	NA	NA	0.1%	-1.8%	NA	NA	1.1%	10.2%	
Stone, clay, and glass products	0	NA	NA	-1.7%	-1.3%	NA	NA	0.4%	4.4%	

Data source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics ES-202 files (from Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc). The tobacco products cluster has been left out. IA GL = the Iowa Great Lakes Region.

Table 3 shows that the food oil mills cluster had the highest average wage in 2000 for the Iowa Great Lakes Region. All but four of the benchmark clusters present in the Iowa Great Lakes Region experienced an increase in their annual average wage from 1990 to 2000. However, none of the clusters at the U.S. and Iowa levels had a decline in wages over the decade of the 1990s. Of the benchmark clusters with a significant employment presence in 2000 in the region, only one of the clusters had an annual wage growth of one percent or higher, the fabricated textiles industry cluster. This is considerably different from the wage growth rates for the clusters at the national level where every single one experienced an annual percentage increase in wages in 2000 over 1990, with the highest annual percentage being 10.3 percent for the banking and advertising cluster and the lowest being 3.4 percent for the transportation, shipping and logistics cluster. Wage growth rates statewide in Iowa are comparable to the Iowa Great Lakes Region's growth rates.

Table 3 **Iowa Great Lakes Region Benchmark Value-Chain Clusters** Employment and Average Wages - 1990-2000

Employm	cht anu A	U.S.	wages	5 — 1 <i>)</i>) (Iowa		Region		
	Average		%Chg	Average		%Chg	Average Wage		%Chg
Cluster	1990	2000	'90-'00	1990	2000	'90-'00	1990	2000	'90-'00
Metalworking and industrial machinery	29,114	41,192	4.1%	37,261	38,880	0.4%	29,581	35,381	0.8%
Fabricated textiles	17,729	28,165	5.9%	25,753	26,255	0.2%	29,863	35,381	1.7%
Construction materials	28,703	43,416	5.1%	33,873	35,300	0.4%	32,662	34,146	0.4%
Transportation, shipping, and logistics	27,515	36,805	3.4%	29,386	30,482	0.4%	27,970	26,996	-0.4%
Printing and publishing	31,867	59,668	8.7%	35,207	37,632	0.7%	26,255	27,929	0.6%
Banking and advertising	30,759	62,451	10.3%	35,754	37,860	0.6%	32,233	32,919	0.2%
Hospitals, labs, and specialized medical services	26,639	48,194	8.1%	29,221	31,073	0.6%	25,297	26,115	0.3%
Chemicals and plastics	29,979	42,372	4.1%	32,930	34,938	0.6%	29,556	29,883	0.1%
Packaged food products	24,283	34,361	4.2%	30,665	31,559	0.3%	26,738	27,060	0.1%
Primary nonferrous metals	27,708	38,688	4.0%	31,261	31,683	0.1%	31,850	34,535	0.8%
Motor vehicle manufacturing	30,082	43,859	4.6%	32,758	34,284	0.5%	31,858	34,530	0.8%
Wood products and furniture	24,879	33,692	3.5%	28,780	29,901	0.4%	20,187	21,501	0.6%
Canned and bottled beverages	33,613	54,468	6.2%	45,778	48,304	0.5%	44,269	43,557	-0.2%
Leather goods	40,054	66,364	6.6%	25,493	26,595	0.4%	19,412	20,551	0.6%
Legal services	39,997	59,969	5.0%	35,727	38,958	0.9%	21,851	22,041	0.1%
Securities and insurance	29,722	53,939	8.1%	42,045	44,206	0.5%	20,370	16,984	-1.8%
Information technology and instruments	36,003	72,579	10.2%	38,959	41,180	0.6%	29,622	37,027	2.3%
Aluminum	38,195	53,580	4.0%	59,012	60,681	0.3%	40,070	41,336	0.3%
Food oil mills	29,395	41,474	4.1%	36,039	37,655	0.4%	48,270	53,382	1.0%
Apparel	17,841	27,364	5.3%	22,061	22,237	0.1%	23,838	202948	-1.3%
Boat building	31,395	43,837	4.0%	45,445	55,490	2.0%	25,718	27,274	0.6%
Aerospace	39,302	59,570	5.2%	47,569	49,278	0.4%	NA	NA	NA
Jewelry	17,439	29,344	6.8%	19,013	19,477	0.2%	NA	NA	NA
Petroleum products	42,659	65,121	5.3%	34,827	35,283	0.1%	NA	NA	NA
Pharmaceuticals	24,349	34,935	4.3%	40,565	45,120	1.1%	NA	NA	NA
Platemaking and typesetting	43,202	87,128	10.2%	35,500	37,801	0.6%	NA	NA	NA
Stone, clay, and glass products	37,168	53,442	4.4%	47,193	49,239	0.4%	NA	NA	NA

Data source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics ES-202 files (from Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc). The tobacco products cluster has been left out. IA GL = the Iowa Great Lakes Region.

Table 3 also shows that only two of the 21 clusters which had a presence in the Iowa Great Lakes Region in 2000 had an annual wage higher than the cluster's national average, the food oil mills

cluster and the fabricated textiles cluster. The composition of the industries within each cluster at the regional, state and national levels have a significant impact on employment and wage levels of that cluster. For most clusters, several key industries have a dominant influence on the clusters make-up at the regional level. To examine this further, a more detailed analysis will be undertaken of the five benchmark value-chain clusters which have the largest employment in the Iowa Great Lakes Region in 2000: metalworking and industrial machinery cluster, fabricated textiles cluster, construction materials cluster, transportation, shipping, and logistics cluster, and the printing and publishing cluster.

Metalworking and Industrial Machinery Cluster

The metalworking and industrial machinery cluster had the largest employment in the Iowa Great Lakes Region in 2000 with 1,335 employees. The cluster saw an annual employment growth rate of 2.0 percent between 1990 and 2000 while the U.S. only had an annual rate of 0.6 percent and Iowa experienced an annual rate of -0.1 percent. The cluster in 2000 consisted of 43 establishments and had an annual payroll of \$42.9 million. The cluster's average annual wage was \$32,129 and experienced an annual percentage wage increase of 0.8 percent between 1990 and 2000. The cluster's average at the U.S. level in 2000 was \$41,192 and had a compounded annual growth rate of over 3.5 percent over its 1990 wage level. Statewide the cluster had an average annual wage of \$38,880 and a compounded annual growth rate of 0.4 percent.

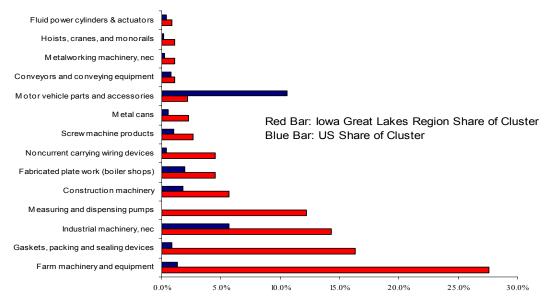


Figure 1 - Metalworking and Industrial Machinery Cluster Industry Mix

Figure 1 shows that a number of the industry sectors which make up the metalworking and industrial machinery cluster are present in the Iowa Great Lakes Region. The farm machinery and equipment industry (SIC 3523) was the largest industry employer in the cluster in the region, with over a quarter of the cluster's employment. Other major employing industry sectors in 2000 were the gaskets, packing and sealing devices industry (SIC 3053), the industrial machinery, n.e.c. (SIC 3599) and the measuring and dispensing pumps industry (SIC 3586). Each of these industries had employment levels over 100 workers in 2000. The largest employers in the cluster at the national level were the motor vehicle parts industry (SIC 3714), the industrial machinery industry (SIC 3599), the special dies, tools, jigs and fixtures industry (SIC 3544) and the blast

furnace and steel mills industry (SIC 3312). The farm machinery and equipment industry was also the largest employer in the cluster statewide in Iowa in 2000.

According to Dun and Bradstreet and the *Iowa Manufacturers Register* the largest employers in the metalworking and industrial machinery cluster in the three-county region include Eaton Corporation, Armstrong Rim and Wheel Manufacturing, Arts-Way Manufacturing, Simonsen Iron Works, Tecton Industries, General Machine Works, Simrit, Maurer Manufacturing and Vander Haeg's.

Fabricated Textiles Cluster

The fabricated textiles cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region in 2000 consisted of 1,033 employees and four establishments. Its annual payroll was \$36.5 million and had an annual average wage of \$35,381. The cluster's annual average wage increased by 1.7 percent annually between 1990 to 2000. The cluster's average annual wage at the U.S. level was \$28,165 in 2000, below the region's wage rate, and had an annual percentage increase of 5.9 percent during the 1990s. The average annual wage statewide was below the region and U.S. averages (\$26,255) and the annual percentage increase in wages was also below the region and the U.S. (0.2 percent).

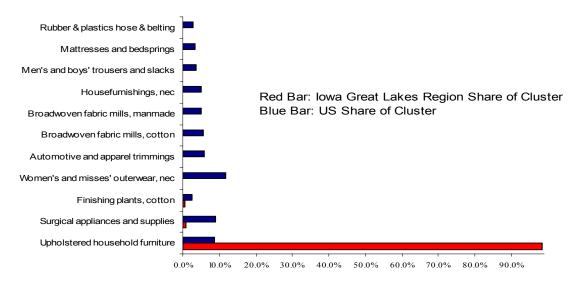


Figure 2 - Fabricated Textiles Cluster Industry Mix

Figure 2 illustrates the distribution of employment by industry in the fabricated textiles cluster for the Iowa Great Lakes Region and the U.S. The upholstered household furniture industry (SIC 2512) with 1,018 employees had nearly all of the employment within the cluster in 2000. The upholstered household furniture industry was also the largest employer for this cluster at the state level. At the U.S. level the womens and misses outerwear, n.e.c. industry is the largest sector in the cluster. Employment in the cluster at the Iowa Great Lakes Region level and the U.S. level declined between 1990 and 2000. The annual rate of decline for the region (-5.5 percent) was larger than the U.S. annual rate (-3.5 percent). According to Dun and Bradstreet the largest employers in the fabricated textiles cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region are Stylecraft Furniture and Brown Medical Industries.

Construction Materials Cluster

The construction materials cluster was the third largest benchmark value-chain cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region with employment in 2000 of 948 workers. The cluster had 32 establishments in 2000 and experienced an annual increase in employment of nearly 2 percent between 1990 and 2000. Figure 3 compares the employment distribution for the construction materials cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region and nationwide. The largest industry sectors in the cluster region are the transportation equipment industry, n.e.c. (SIC 3799), the measuring and dispensing pumps industry (SIC 3586), the ready-mix concrete industry (SIC 3273) and the wood partitions and fixtures industry (SIC 2541).

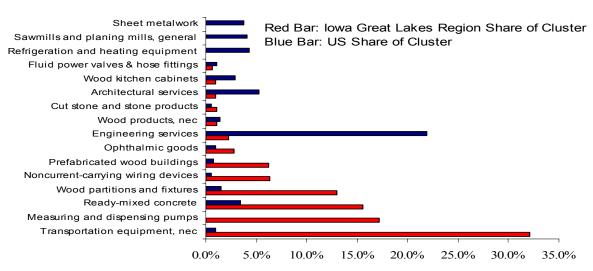


Figure 3 - Construction Materials Cluster Industry Mix

At the national level, employment in this cluster is dominated by the engineering services (SIC 8711) and architectural services (SIC 8712) industries, followed by the refrigeration and heating equipment industry (SIC 3585), the saw mills and planing mills industry (SIC 2421) and the sheet metalwork industry (SIC 3444). Statewide, the millwork industry (SIC 2431) was the cluster's largest employer. The significance of the engineering and architectural services industry at the national level provides some explanation of the difference in the annual average wage in 2000 between the Iowa Great Lakes Region (\$34,146) and Iowa (\$35,300) and the U.S. (\$43,416). The engineering services industry had an annual average wage of \$39,701 in the Iowa Great Lakes Region and \$58,081 at the U.S. level, while the architectural services cluster had a annual average wage of \$30,233 in the region and \$53,996 at the U.S. level.

A further look at wages for the individual industry sectors present in the region within this cluster illustrates wage disparities between the U.S. level and the region. Three of the five largest industry sectors by employment in the cluster had annual average wages that were higher than the sector averages at the U.S. level: transportation equipment (\$34,935 vs. \$31,134), wood partitions and fixtures (\$37,440 vs. \$32,250) and noncurrent-carrying wiring devices (\$50,996 vs. \$36,649). According to Dun & Bradstreet and the *Iowa Manufacturers Register* the major employers in this cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region include Polaris Industries, Cycle Country Accessories and National-Spencer.

Transportation, Shipping and Logistics Cluster

Of all of the benchmark value-chain clusters which have a presence in the Iowa Great Lakes Region, the transportation, shipping and logistics cluster had the highest number of establishments with 68 in 2000. In 2000, the cluster had employment slightly over 706. However, employment in the cluster is now significantly smaller due to the move of Great Lakes Aviation out of Spencer in 2000, which had 239 employees in 2000 and was the largest employer in the cluster, the air courier services industry (SIC 4513). In the decade of the 1990s the cluster experienced a decline in employment, declining from 765 to 706 employees. The majority of the firms in the cluster are in the non-local trucking industry (SIC 4213) and local trucking industry (SIC 4212), which had employment of 279 in 2000. According to Dun & Bradstreet the major employers in the Iowa Great Lakes Region for this cluster include United Parcel Service, Pacific Enterprises, Heartland Technology, Holiday Express Corporation and Ruan Transportation Corporation.

Figure 4 shows that at the U.S. level, in addition to the two trucking industries, the other two industry sectors that are major employers in the transportation, shipping and logistics cluster involve air transportation. For the cluster in Iowa, the non-local trucking industry (SIC 4213) and the local trucking industry (SIC 4212) are the two largest industries.

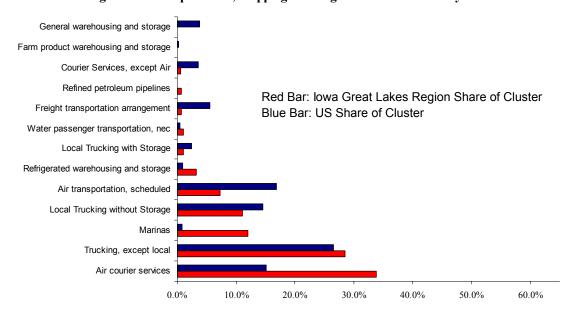


Figure 4 - Transportation, Shipping and Logistics Cluster Industry Mix

It should be kept in mind that the air courier services industry (SIC 4513) consisted of one establishment in 2000, which was Great Lakes Aviation. The transportation, shipping and logistics cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region had an annual average wage of \$26,996 in 2000, which was actually lower than the region's annual average wage in 1990, which was \$27,970. This represents an annual decline of -0.4 percent. The cluster's annual average wage at the U.S. level in 2000 was \$36,805, an increase of 3.4 percent annually during the 1990s and statewide the cluster had an annual average wage of \$30,482 with an annual wage growth rate of 0.4 percent.

Printing and Publishing Cluster

The printing and publishing industry cluster employed 532 workers in the Iowa Great Lakes Region in 2000. This cluster saw an annual increase in employment between 1990 and 2000 in the region (1.2 percent), at the state level (0.2 percent) and at the U.S. level (3.4 percent). Figure 5 shows that four industry sectors are the major employers within the cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region.

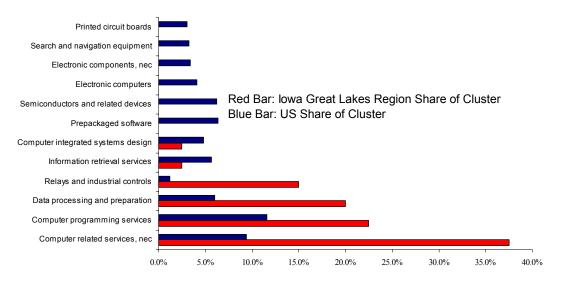


Figure 5 - Printing and Publishing Cluster Industry Mix

The largest industry sector in the cluster in the region is commercial printing, n.e.c. industry (SIC 2759) with the commercial lithographic printing industry (SIC 2752) having nearly as many employees. The other two sectors with measurable employment in 2000 were the newspaper publishing and printing industry (SIC 2711) and telephone communications (SIC 4813). According to Dun & Bradstreet the major employers in the Iowa Great Lakes Region for this cluster include Perry Judds Holding, Inc, Spencer Daily Reporter, Standard Printing & Design and Solutions, Inc. For the cluster statewide the two largest industries in 2000 were the data processing and preparations industry (SIC 7374) and the telephone communications industry (SIC 4813).

Wages in the printing and publishing industry cluster experienced growth at the regional, statewide and U.S. levels. The annual average wage in the Iowa Great Lakes Region was \$27,929 which was well below the U.S. average annual wage (\$59,668) and the Iowa average annual wage (\$37,632). The cluster experienced an annual wage increase of over 8 percent annually in the decade of the 1990s at the U.S. level while the region only had a rate of 0.3 percent, which was only slightly lower than the statewide average of 0.7 percent. One of the major reasons for the wage difference is that at the U.S. level, computer related service industries were the largest sectors and pay high wages.

Technology Benchmark Clusters

As described above, the 8 benchmark technology clusters that are identified in this research were derived from a statistical analysis of the interdependence among high-technology industries. It should be noted that these technology-intensive clusters are not simply sub-sets of the 28

benchmark value-chain industry clusters. Table 4 provides summary data about the technology clusters at the U.S. level, Iowa level and the Iowa Great Lakes Region. The analysis following will illustrate that employment within several of these clusters is very much concentrated in several industry sectors. All of the six technology clusters that are present in the Iowa Great Lakes Region did experience employment growth between 1990 and 2000. The same cannot be said for those same technology clusters at the U.S. level or statewide. An illustration of these differences in growth rates can be seen when comparing Figures 6, 7 and 8 which compare each technology cluster's employment growth rates and employment size against average wages in 2000.

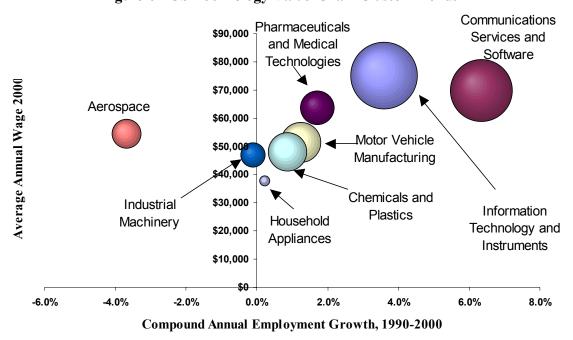


Figure 6 - US Technology Value-Chain Cluster Trends

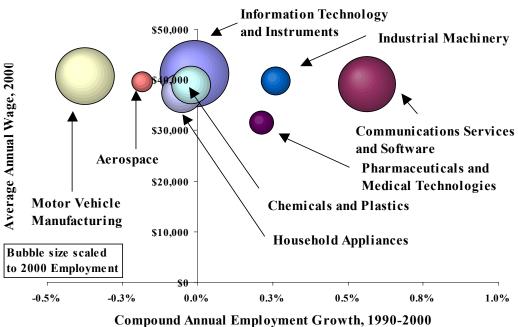


Figure 7 - Iowa Technology Value-Chain Cluster Trends



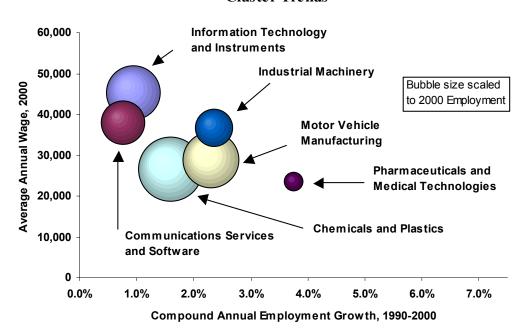


Figure 6 shows that at the U.S. level, the information technology and instruments technology cluster had the largest employment of the eight technology clusters. This technology cluster also had the highest annual average wage in 2000 for the U.S., \$75,343 (see Table 4). Figure 7 shows that the information technology and instruments technology cluster was the largest technology cluster, yet its employment did not increase over the decade of the 1990s. The communications services and software technology cluster had the highest employment growth rate statewide. For the Iowa Great Lakes Region, as Figure 8 illustrates, the information technology and instruments technology cluster had the highest annual average wage while the chemicals and plastics technology cluster had the largest employment.

> Table 4 **Iowa Great Lakes Region Benchmark Technology Clusters**

										D 11						
		Employment						Payroll								
				CAGR		Location	Quotient	Est	ablish.	Avera	ge Wage -	2000	CAC	GR '90-'(00	
Description	2000	Per Estab.	IA GL '90-'00	IA '90-'00	US '90- '00	2000	Chg '90- '00	2000	CAGR '90-'00	IA GL	Iowa	US	IA GL	IA	US	
Chemicals and Plastics	143	13.0	1.6%	0.0%	0.9%	0.6	0.1	11	1.0%	26,696	39,080	48,152	-0.3%	0.5%	3.9%	
Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	108	18.0	2.3%	-0.4%	1.2%	0.4	0.1	6	0.0%	28,768	40,755	51,561	1.3%	0.4%	4.0%	
Information Technology and Instruments.	100	8.3	0.9%	0.0%	3.6%	0.1	0.0	12	1.8%	45,409	41,288	75,343	1.0%	0.6%	7.7%	
Communications Services and Software	68	3.6	0.8%	0.6%	6.3%	0.1	0.0	19	3.1%	38,050	39,202	69,973	0.8%	0.7%	6.5%	
Industrial Machinery	48	12.0	2.4%	0.3%	-0.1%	0.5	0.2	4	0.0%	36,700	39,938	46,988	-0.3%	0.6%	4.5%	
Pharmaceuticals & Medical Technologies	13	3.3	3.7%	0.2%	1.7%	0.1	0.0	4	2.9%	23,457	31,593	63,741	0.4%	0.4%	6.0%	
Aerospace	0	NA	NA	-0.2%	-3.7%	0.0	0.0	0	NA	NA	39,682	54,517	NA	0.4%	3.7%	
Household Appliances	0	NA	NA	-0.1%	0.2%	0.0	0.0	0	NA	NA	37,511	37,861	NA	-0.2%	3.6%	

Data source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics ES-202 files (from Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc), IA GL = the Iowa Great Lakes Region. CAGR = compound annual growth rate

Chemicals and Plastics Technology Cluster

Table 4 shows that the chemicals and plastics technology cluster had the largest employment in the region, with 143 workers in 2000 and 11 establishments within the three-county region. However, as Figure 9 illustrates, two-thirds of the technology cluster's employment is in the specialty outpatient facilities, n.e.c. industry sector (SIC 8093), which consists of end users within this value-chain, such as alcohol and drug treatment facilities, mental health facilities and vocational rehabilitation facilities. Therefore, it could be argued that this technology cluster has a limited presence in the Iowa Great Lakes Region. It should be noted that the two largest industry sectors in this technology cluster at the U.S. level could be considered end-users, specialty outpatient facilities (SIC 8093) and medical laboratories (SIC 8071), both of which are health services industries. Yet at the U.S. level, over half of the employment in the cluster is in manufacturing industries which is not the case for the region. Specialty outpatient facilities was also the largest industry employer for this cluster statewide followed by the health and allied services, n.e.c. industry (SIC 8099). According to Dun & Bradstreet the major employers in the Iowa Great Lakes Region for this cluster include Northwest Iowa Alcoholism & Drug Treatment, Seasons Center Community Mental Health and C-Tech Industries.

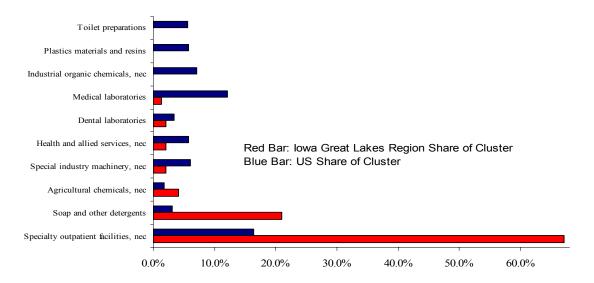


Figure 9 - Chemical and Plastics Technology Cluster Industry Mix

The only other industry sector which had any measurable employment in 2000 was the soap and other detergent manufacturing industry (SIC 2841) with 30 employees. This technology cluster at the regional level had an annual growth rate (1.6 percent) between 1990 and 2000 that was higher than the rate for the cluster at the U.S. level (0.9 percent) and the Iowa level (0.0 percent), but the technology cluster in the region saw a decline in wages during that same time period from \$27,581 to \$26,696, while the cluster at the U.S. level experienced nearly a 4 percent increase annually and had an annual average wage of \$48,152 in 2000. At the Iowa level, the cluster had an annual increase of 0.5 percent and an annual average wage of \$39,080.

Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Technology Cluster

The motor vehicle manufacturing technology cluster had the second highest employment in the Iowa Great Lakes Region in 2000 with 108 employees. This technology cluster also had an annual employment growth rate (2.3 percent) in the decade of the 1990s that was higher than the cluster at the U.S. level (1.2 percent) and statewide (-0.4 percent). Figure 9 provides the industry mix of the cluster.

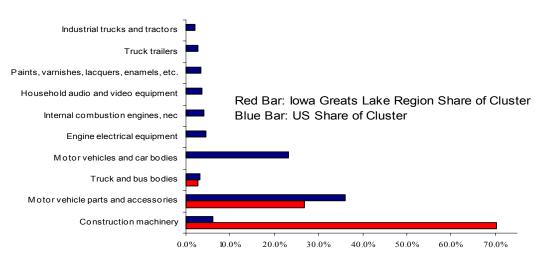


Figure 10 - Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Technology Cluster Industry Mix

The majority of the employment in this technology cluster for the Iowa Great Lakes Region in 2000 resided in two industries: the construction machinery manufacturing industry (SIC 3531) and the motor vehicle parts and accessories industry (SIC 3714). Figure 10 shows illustrates that the automobile manufacturing-related industries dominate this technology cluster at the U.S. level, with the motor vehicle parts and accessories industry (SIC 3714) having over 36 percent of the cluster's employment and the motor vehicles and car bodies industry (SIC 3711) with over 23 percent of the cluster's employment. In Iowa, the construction machinery industry was the largest employer. According to Dun & Bradstreet, the largest employers within this technology cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region are Armstrong Rim & Wheel Manufacturing, Weekend Warrior and Aero Race Wheels

The motor vehicle manufacturing technology cluster at the national level experienced an annual average wage increase of 4.0 percent during the decade of the 1990s while for the Iowa Great Lakes Region, the annual wage growth rate was 1.3 percent and the annual wage rate statewide was 0.4 percent. In 2000, the cluster's average annual wage was \$28,768 in the region while at the U.S. level it was \$51,561 and for Iowa it was \$40,755.

Information Technology and Instruments Technology Cluster

The information technology and instruments technology cluster had the third highest employment levels in the Iowa Great Lakes Region in 2000 with 100 employees. This technology cluster experienced growth in employment between 1990 and 2000 in the region (0.9 percent annually) and at the U.S. level (3.6 percent annually), while employment in Iowa remained stable. The cluster had an average annual wage in 2000 of \$75,343 at the U.S. level while the average annual wage rate was \$45,409 in the Iowa Great Lakes Region, which was the highest of the six technology clusters. This wage rate was well below the U.S. average for this technology cluster, but higher than the technology cluster's average annual wage at the Iowa level (\$41,288).

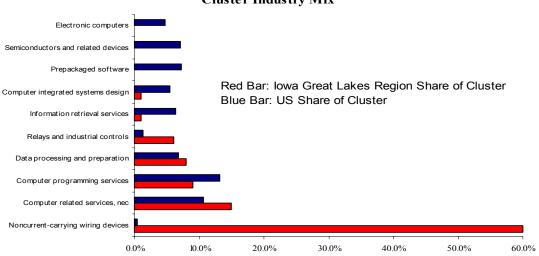


Figure 11 - Information Technology and Instruments Technology Cluster Industry Mix

Figure 11 shows the distribution of employment by industry in this technology cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region and at the U.S. level. As with the chemicals and plastics technology cluster and the motor vehicle manufacturing technology cluster, a few industry sectors have a dominant presence in the region. The noncurrent-carrying wiring devices manufacturing industry (SIC 3644) had 60 percent of the cluster's employment in the region in 2000, followed by the computer related services, n.e.c. industry (SIC 7379) with 15 percent of the employment. At the U.S. level, the two largest industry sectors are the computer programming services industry (SIC 7371) and the computer related services, n.e.c. industry. The data processing and preparation industry (SIC 7374) and the search and navigation equipment industry (SIC 3812) were the two largest industries in this technology cluster in Iowa. According to Dun & Bradstreet, the largest employers within this technology cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region are Eaton Hydraulics, Choice Technologies, Inc and Solutions, Inc.

Benchmark Labor Skill Clusters

Each of the 17 benchmark labor clusters consists of industries that utilize similar workforce skills and occupations. As described above, these industry clusters were identified through an analysis of data on the workforce staffing patterns of industries and data on the skills and knowledge requirements of occupations. An examination of the human capital of a region has become critical since the availability and quality of labor are considered critical site selection criteria for businesses.

The health services labor cluster in 2000 was the largest benchmark labor cluster at the U.S. level, the Iowa level and in the Iowa Great Lakes Region. Three labor clusters had employment levels over 1,000 workers in 2000 and another eight labor clusters had at least 100 employees (see Table 5).

Table 5 **Iowa Great Lakes Region Benchmark Labor Clusters**

	Employment							Payroll							
	CAGR – '90-'00 L					Loc. Q	uotient		Establish. Average Wage - 2000			- 2000	CAGR '90-'00		
Description	2000	Per Estab.	IA GL	Iowa	US	2000	Chg '90- '00	2000	CAGR '90- '00	IA GL	Iowa	US	IA GL	IA	US
Health Services	1,719	17.4	0.3%	0.3%	2.6%	0.9	-0.1	99	0.6%	28,609	43,513	34,928	0.6%	4.3%	3.3%
Low Skill, Non-Durable Manufacturing	1,361	52.3	-3.6%	-0.1%	-1.4%	2.4	-0.2	26	-0.7%	31,008	45,122	33,710	1.4%	2.1%	4.3%
Specialized Labor Intensive	1,162	89.4	0.7%	0.0%	0.5%	2.8	0.5	13	0.0%	34,438	38,608	35,547	0.1%	1.0%	3.5%
Distribution, Freight Handling	755	10.9	-0.8%	0.2%	2.7%	1.2	-0.3	69	0.4%	30,544	31,989	35,845	0.5%	0.8%	3.1%
Telecomm and Banking	563	8.8	0.5%	0.2%	0.9%	0.8	0.1	64	0.5%	32,255	40,520	49,122	0.2%	1.2%	5.5%
High End Information/Business Services	512	11.4	1.0%	0.1%	0.6%	1.1	0.2	45	0.5%	24,438	35,311	50,280	0.5%	0.9%	4.5%
Low Skill, Misc. Manufacturing	431	23.9	1.8%	0.2%	0.2%	1.4	0.4	18	1.2%	23,621	23,630	33,161	-0.5%	-1.7%	3.7%
Standardized Heavy Industry	235	14.7	2.7%	0.1%	0.4%	0.3	0.1	16	2.1%	32,985	35,783	47,271	0.3%	0.0%	3.8%
High Tech Machinery, Instruments	220	22.0	1.5%	0.0%	0.8%	1.4	0.3	10	1.1%	34,960	45,670	43,601	0.8%	2.7%	3.9%
Information Processing	204	3.1	0.8%	0.7%	4.3%	0.2	0.0	66	0.8%	26,156	39,180	59,714	0.4%	0.2%	6.7%
Building Products	142	28.4	6.5%	0.5%	1.6%	1.4	0.6	5	2.3%	35,565	29,772	32,860	0.7%	-0.3%	3.4%
Food and Tobacco Manufacturing	84	14.0	0.6%	-0.4%	-0.6%	0.6	0.1	6	1.8%	45,279	36,446	43,456	0.2%	-1.0%	4.0%
Electronics, Measuring Devices	66	33.0	1.3%	-0.4%	-0.4%	0.2	0.0	2	0.0%	48,186	31,872	66,125	0.3%	-0.9%	7.0%
Securities	41	4.1	0.5%	0.4%	5.9%	0.3	-0.1	10	0.0%	52,615	76,018	147,281	0.0%	0.7%	8.6%
Science Intensive	36	3.6	0.9%	0.1%	0.4%	0.1	0.0	10	3.6%	35,758	35,261	57,027	-0.8%	-2.1%	4.3%
Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals	6	6.0	7.2%	-0.6%	-0.3%	0.0	0.0	1	0.0%	20,081	56,832	73,849	1.3%	2.9%	6.0%
Petroleum	5	2.5	2.3%	-0.3%	-4.1%	0.0	0.0	2	0.0%	35,933	65,137	59,958	0.3%	4.2%	4.1%

Data source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics ES-202 files (from Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc). IA = the Iowa Great Lakes Region. CAGR = compound annual growth rate

Health Services Labor Cluster

Employment in the health services labor cluster, in the region and statewide, experienced an annual growth rate of 0.3 percent between 1990 and 2000 while at the U.S. level employment levels grew even faster with an annual rate of 2.6 percent. Table 5 also shows that the health services labor cluster had the highest number of establishments of any of the labor clusters, which can be attributed to a considerable number of doctors' and dentists' offices. The health services labor cluster had an average annual wage rate of \$28,609 in the Iowa Great Lakes Region while the labor cluster at the national level had an average annual wage rate of \$34,928. The statewide labor cluster had an average annual wage rate of \$29,665. The U.S. outpaced the Iowa Great Lakes Region considerably in annual wage growth in this cluster between 1990 and 2000 with an annual rate of 3.3 percent while the Iowa Great Lakes Region had an annual rate of 0.6 percent, which was above Iowa's rate (0.4 percent).

Figure 12 shows the industry mix of the health services labor cluster for the region and at the U.S. level. In 2000, intermediate care facilities (SIC 8052) had the highest employment numbers in the cluster within the region, followed by medical doctors' offices and medical clinics (SIC 8011) and general medical and surgical hospitals (SIC 8062). General medical and surgical hospitals were the largest employers in the cluster at the U.S. level and Iowa level. According to Dun & Bradstreet, the largest employers within this labor cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region are Spencer Municipal Hospital, Lakes Regional Healthcare, Estherville Good Samaritan Center and St. Luke Nursing Home.

The most common occupations in the intermediate care facilities are nursing aides, orderlies and attendants, and licensed practical nurses and licensed vocational nurses. Registered nurses, medical assistants, receptionists and information clerks and medical secretaries are the most common occupations found in medical doctor offices and medical clinics. In the general medical and surgical hospitals industry, the most common occupations are registered nurses and nursing aides, orderlies and attendants.

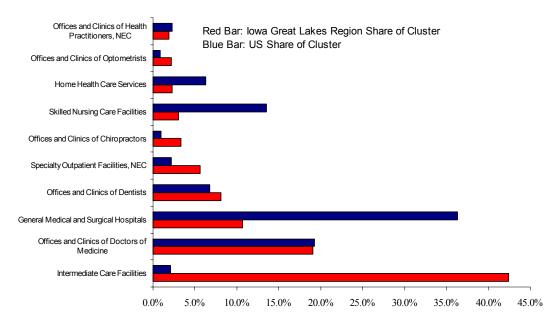


Figure 12 - Health Services Cluster Industry Mix

Low Skill, Non-Durable Manufacturing Labor Cluster

The low skill, non-durable manufacturing labor cluster had the second highest employment levels in 2000 in the Iowa Great Lakes Region with 1,361 employees. Figure 13 shows that the farm machinery and equipment industry (SIC 3523) and the transportation equipment, n.e.c. industry (SIC 3799) had almost half of the labor cluster's employment. At the U.S. level the plastics products, n.e.c. industry (SIC 3089) was the largest industry sector. The farm machinery and equipment industry and the construction machinery and equipment industry (SIC 3531) were the cluster's largest employers statewide. According to Dun & Bradstreet, the largest employers within this labor cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region are Arts-Way Manufacturing, Weekend Warrior, Nolin Milling and Armlift.

The low skill, non-durable manufacturing labor cluster had an annual average wage in 2000 of \$31,008 in the Iowa Great Lakes Region, \$33,710 at the U.S. level and \$38,270 at the Iowa level. The wage rates for the labor cluster grew at all three geographic levels (U.S. with 4.3 percent, Iowa with 0.5 percent and Iowa Great Lakes Region with 1.4 percent). The labor cluster experienced an employment decline between 1990 to 2000 in the Iowa Great Lakes Region (-3.6 percent), at the U.S. level (-1.4 percent) and at the Iowa level (-0.1 percent). The most common occupations in the farm machinery and equipment industry are assemblers, welders, cutters, solderers and brazers, production and operating workers supervisors, and metal and plastic cutting, punching and press machine operators and setters. For the transportation equipment, n.e.c. industry the most common occupations include first-line production supervisors, laborers and freight, stock and material handlers and cutting, punching and press machine operators and setters.

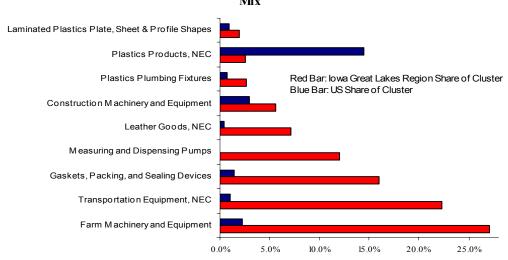


Figure 13 - Low Skill, Non-Durable Manufacturing Labor Cluster Industry

Specialized Labor Intensive Labor Cluster

The specialized labor intensive labor cluster is the third largest labor cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region, with 1,162 employees and 13 establishments, giving it the highest average number of employees per establishment of all of the labor clusters. Employment in the labor cluster in the region grew at a higher annual rate (0.7 percent) than the cluster's growth rate at the U.S. level (0.5 percent). The labor cluster remained stable during the decade of the 1990s. Table 5 shows the specialized labor intensive labor cluster also had the highest location quotient (2.8) among the 17 labor clusters, which means that proportionally, the employment in the cluster is higher when compared to the U.S. and other regions' employment levels.

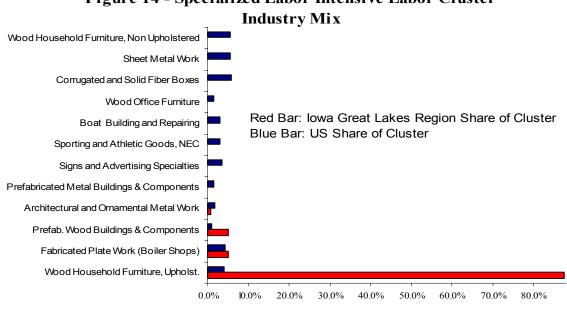


Figure 14 - Specialized Labor Intensive Labor Cluster

Figure 14 shows that in 2000 nearly all of the employment in this cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region was in the upholstered wood household furniture industry (SIC 2512), which includes the

Style-Craft, Inc. facility in Milford. Two other industries had employment levels of some significance, the fabricated plate work industry (SIC 3443) and the prefabricated wood buildings and components industry (SIC 2452), each with slightly over 5 percent of the employment in the labor cluster. At the U.S. level, the largest industry sectors in 2000 were the corrugated and solid fiber boxes industry (SIC 2653), the sheet metal work industry (SIC 3444) and the nonupholstered wood furniture industry (SIC 2511). The non-wood office furniture industry (SIC 2522) and the tires and inner tubes manufacturing industry (SIC 3011) were the labor cluster's largest industries statewide.

The average annual wage for the specialized labor intensive labor cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region (\$35,547) was slightly lower than the average at the U.S. level (\$34,438) and at the Iowa level (\$35,784). The annual average wage at the U.S. level grew by 3.5 percent annually during the 1990s, while the annual average wage only grew by 0.1 percent annually for the region and only by 0.5 percent statewide during the same time period. The most common occupations in the household furniture industries are team assemblers, sewing machine operators and upholsterers. In fabricated structural metal industries the most common occupations are welders, cutters, solders and brazers, team assemblers and metal and plastic cutting, punching and press machine operators and setters.

Distribution, Freight Handling Labor Cluster

In 2000, the distribution, freight handling labor cluster had the fourth highest employment in the Iowa Great Lakes Region in 2000 with 755 employees. However, it should be noted that since the year 2000, Great Lakes Aviation has moved its operations out of Spencer, which reduces this labor cluster's employment levels by nearly 240 workers. Of the industries remaining in the region at this time, the non-local trucking industry (SIC 4213) was the largest employer in the region in 2000 with over 200 employees followed by the ready-mixed concrete industry (SIC 3273) with 148 employees. Despite the removal of the air courier services industry (SIC 4513) jobs, this labor cluster would still be the fifth largest labor cluster in the region in 2000. At the U.S. level and Iowa level the trucking industry and air transportation related industries were the largest employers. According to Dun & Bradstreet, the largest employers within this labor cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region include UPS, Pacific Express, Holiday Express Corporation and Ruan Transportation Corporation.

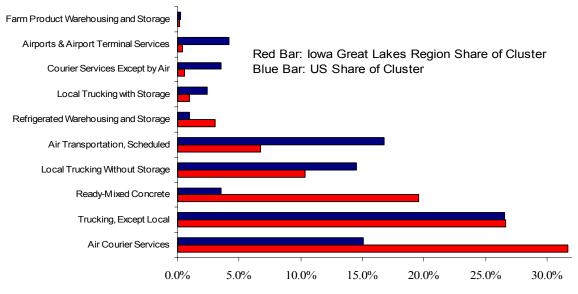


Figure 15 - Distribution, Freight Handling Labor Cluster Industry Mix

(Note: Great Lakes Aviation has since closed its operations in Spencer which reduces this labor cluster by nearly a third in employment)

The annual average wage for the distribution, freight handling labor cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region was lower than the labor cluster's average wage at the U.S. level (\$30,544 compared to \$35,845) and slightly lower than the statewide average (\$30,755). When the air courier services industry (SIC 4513) is removed from the 2000 data for the region, the average annual wage for the region drops to \$29,501. The annual average wage in 2000 for the air courier services industry in the region was \$30,435, which was lower than the averages for the non-local trucking industry (\$31,179) and the ready-mixed concrete industry (\$37,914). The most common occupations in both the trucking industry and the concrete industry are heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers, light or delivery services truck drivers and laborers and freight, stock and material movers.

Telecommunication and Banking Labor Cluster

The telecommunication and banking labor cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region had employment of 563 workers in 2000. The state and national commercial banking industries (SIC 6022 and SIC 6021) together contained over half of the employment in the region. Figure 16 shows that federally chartered savings institutions (SIC 6035) consisted of nearly another 20 percent (18.8 percent) of the labor cluster's employment in the Iowa Great Lakes Region. At the U.S. level, the telephone communications industry (SIC 4813) was the largest sector, while statewide the two largest sectors were state commercial banks and the telephone communications industry. Between 1990 and 2000, employment in the labor cluster grew at the U.S. level (0.9 percent), at the state level (0.2 percent) and within the Iowa Great Lakes Region (0.5 percent). According to Dun & Bradstreet, the largest employers within this labor cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region include Northwest Federal Savings Bank, Farmers Bank, Emmet County State Bank and First Bank and Trust

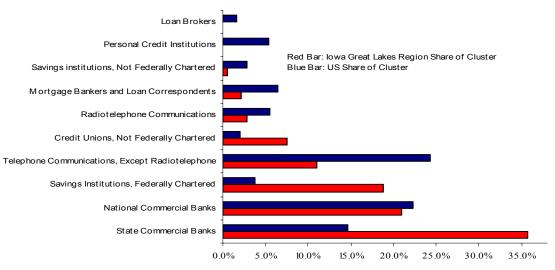


Figure 16 - Telecom and Banking Labor Cluster Industry Mix

The annual wage levels for the telecomm and banking labor cluster were considerably higher at the U.S. level than for the Iowa Great Lakes Region. The U.S. average wage in 2000 was \$49,122 while the Iowa Great Lakes Region's average wage was \$32,255. The cluster's annual average wage statewide was also significantly higher (\$38,450). At the U.S. level, the largest industry in this labor cluster is the telephone communications industry with nearly one fourth of the employment, which had an annual average wage of \$61,314. In the Iowa Great Lakes Region the two largest industry sectors, the state and national commercial banks, had annual average wages in 2000 of \$37,077 and \$33,473. These wages were roughly \$4,000 and \$10,000 less than those sectors' national annual average wages of \$41,829 and \$41,754. The most common occupations in the commercial banking industry are tellers, customer service representatives and first-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers.

Summary, Recommendations and Next Steps

Summary

The regional economy that encompasses the three-county Iowa Great Lakes Region experienced changes between 1990 and 2000, but overall the majority of the clusters did have positive employment growth in the 1990s. However, several larger clusters experienced employment declines due to industry layoffs and plant closings. In addition, several industries have shed jobs since 2000 which is not reflected in the data analyzed in this report. Businesses that have either closed or had layoffs since 2000 have included Great Lakes Aviation, APAC Teleservices, Eaton Corporation and K-Mart.

The Iowa Great Lakes Region's cluster employment trends between 1990 and 2000 were generally consistent with the clusters' activities at the U.S. level, yet for most clusters the employment growth rates in the region were lower than the growth rates at the U.S. level. This was typically the case when examining either the value-chain industry clusters, the benchmark technology clusters or the benchmark labor clusters. At the U.S. level only a few clusters experienced employment declines with several of those clusters experiencing employment growth in the Iowa Great Lakes Region. Obviously, the current national recession has tempered employment regionally and nationally. Statewide, Iowa has seen a mix of employment growth and decline depending on the specific cluster.

Benchmark Value-Chain Industry Clusters

Seven benchmark value-chain clusters in 2000 had employment levels of 400 employees or more in the Iowa Great Lakes Region. Four of the six industry clusters either remained stable or had positive employment growth over the previous decade, while at the U.S. level five of the six industry clusters had employment growth. The two largest value-chain industry clusters in the region were the metalworking and industrial machinery industry cluster and the fabricated textiles industry cluster. As Tables 1, 2 and 3 showed, many of the industry clusters which experienced employment growth and/or wage growth were at annual rates below the clusters' growth rates at the U.S. level.

The leather goods industry cluster had the highest annual employment growth rate in the Iowa Great Lakes Region with a rate of 6.9 percent per year, while at the U.S. level the cluster declined in employment and had an annual growth rate of -6.7 percent. At the U.S. level the fastest growing value-chain clusters were the hospitals, labs and specialized medical services cluster (3.5 percent annually), the printing and publishing industry cluster (3.4 percent annually), transportation, shipping, and logistics industry cluster (2.8 percent), information technology and instruments industry cluster (2.7 percent) and the pharmaceutical industry cluster (2.7 percent) in 2000. The first three of these value-chain clusters had a significant presence in the Iowa Great Lakes Region, while the information technology and instruments industry cluster and the pharmaceuticals industry cluster did not have a presence.

All but one of the Region's ten largest value-chain clusters experienced growth in their average annual wages. The lone exception was the transportation, shipping and logistics industry cluster. The wage growth rates for the value-chain clusters in the region did not keep pace with the wage growth rates at the U.S. level, but were similar to or higher than wage growth rates statewide.

Benchmark Technology Clusters

There was limited presence of the eight benchmark technology clusters in the Iowa Great Lakes Region. Only three of the benchmark technology clusters had employment above 100 in 2000 in the region (the chemicals and plastics technology cluster, the motor vehicle manufacturing technology cluster and the information technology and instruments technology cluster). All of the six technology clusters which had a presence in the Region did experience employment growth in the region between 1990 and 2000 (the aerospace technology cluster and the household appliances technology cluster had no presence in the Region.). At the U.S. level only two technology clusters experienced employment losses (the aerospace technology cluster and the industrial machinery technology cluster) during the same time period.

The annual average wages in the Iowa Great Lakes Region for the technology clusters were well below the averages at the U.S. level. As was discussed in the technology cluster section of the report, the types of occupations that are present in the region are a critical factor in the average wages paid. All of the technology clusters at the U.S. level had significant annual growth rates for wages between 1990 and 2000, from a high of 7.7 percent annually to a low of 3.6 percent annually. In the Iowa Great Lakes Region the wage growth rates ranged from -0.3 percent annually to 1.3 percent annually. Statewide the wage growth rates ranged from -0.2 percent annually to 0.7 percent annually.

Benchmark Labor Clusters

The Iowa Great Lakes Region had three benchmark labor clusters in 2000 that had employment levels over 1,000 (the health services labor cluster, the low skill, non-durable manufacturing labor cluster and the specialized labor intensive labor cluster), and another three had employments levels above 500 (the distribution, freight handling labor cluster, the telecomm and banking labor cluster and the high end information/business services labor cluster). Two of the six largest labor clusters in the Iowa Great Lakes Region had employment growth between 1990 and 2000. For these same six labor clusters at the U.S. level, all but one labor cluster (low skill, non-durable manufacturing labor cluster) had employment growth during the same time period.

For the labor clusters with any real measurable employment in the Iowa Great Lakes Region (at least 200 employees), the fastest growing labor cluster was the standardized heavy industry labor cluster which grew at 2.7 percent annually. The securities labor cluster was the fastest growing labor cluster at the U.S. level with an annual rate of 5.9 percent. The securities labor cluster also had the highest annual average wage in the Region (\$52,615), which was over \$90,000 below the labor cluster's average wage at the U.S. level (\$147,281). All but two of the labor clusters had higher annual average wages at the U.S. level than within the Iowa Great Lakes Region. The two exceptions were the building products labor cluster and the food and tobacco manufacturing labor cluster. For the labor clusters which had higher average annual wages at the U.S. level, the differences in the average annual wages between the U.S. average annual wages and the Iowa Great Lakes Region average annual wages ranged from \$1,109 for the specialized labor intensive labor cluster to \$94,666 for the securities labor cluster.

Recommendations and Next Steps

Below are recommendations and next steps for the economic development organizations in the Iowa Great Lakes Region.

1. Determine if Industry Linkages and Organizational Relationships Exist, or Could Exist, in the Region.

What industry linkages/relationships actually exist in the region? A.

It is important to understand that the analysis that is completed in this study for the value-chain industry clusters and technology clusters is based on industry linkages and relationships that have been identified at the U.S. level. Therefore, it is important that additional fact finding is completed locally and regionally to determine if actual buyersupplier relationships within the various clusters and industry sectors actually exist or could exist in the future. This input can be obtained from employers through existing industry/business surveys and interviews, focus groups or industry roundtables. It is important to find out whom businesses in the Iowa Great Lakes Region "buy from" and "sell to" in order to determine if there are important economic relationships within the region.

What support organizations and programs are utilized by clusters? В.

It is also important to determine what support organizations are utilized by businesses within the region and what additional needs they have that could be addressed collectively through cluster-focused or industry-focused strategies. Programs being utilized could include workforce training at Iowa Lakes Community College or pollution prevention assistance through the Iowa Waste Reduction Center at the University of Northern Iowa. Needs might include exporting assistance or process evaluations to assist with increasing productivity and competitiveness.

Any efforts to evaluate whether value-chain and technology relationships exist within the region will enable the local development organizations and support organizations to gain a better understanding of the regional economy. A logical approach to gathering this information is to integrate the gathering activities into existing industry programming and business call programs that are undertaken by local economic development organizations, or develop a joint effort regionally specifically for this effort.

2. Promote Regional Communication and Cooperation.

Labor markets and economic relationships flow across city, county and state political lines. Therefore, it is important to recognize and understand these relationships (see recommendation #1). It is important that appropriate economic development efforts reflect these realities. Cluster-based economic development efforts typically require the implementation of strategies at a regional level whether the strategies focus on workforce development, technology and production enhancements for manufacturers or infrastructure development.

There is already of a tradition of regional economic development in the Iowa Great Lakes Region with the existence of the Iowa Great Lakes Corridor of Opportunity which is the

economic development organization for Clay and Dickinson counties. Where appropriate, discussion for broader regional development efforts should be considered to include development organizations in Emmet County, including the Estherville Area Association of Business and Industry. As needs and opportunities are identified within the value-chain industry clusters, technology clusters and the labor clusters, it is likely the actions will need to be regional in focus to have significant impact on the future of the region.

3. Determine Potential Approaches for Business Development and Industry Recruitment.

What industries could be targeted based on the value-chain clusters and the technology clusters?

If proactive recruitment efforts are being undertaken by economic development organizations or are being considered for future activities, the analysis provided in this report should be a starting point for targeting. A key advantage of using the benchmark cluster framework is the ability to determine potential areas for growth in the region such as industry gaps either within a value-chain cluster or technology cluster. For most of the value-chain clusters and technology clusters with a measurable presence in the Iowa Great Lakes Region, there are only a handful of industry sectors that have establishments within the region, so opportunities may exist for attracting or developing new industries which could compliment the existing industrial linkages in the region.

The construction materials industry cluster is an example of where potential gaps might exist. In the construction materials industry cluster in the Iowa Great Lakes Region, roughly a third of the employment is in the transportation equipment industry, n.e.c. (SIC 3799), followed by the measuring and dispensing pumps industry (SIC 3585), the ready-mix concrete industry (SIC 3273) and the wood partitions and fixtures industry (SIC 2541). Each of these last three industries had an employment share over 10 percent. At the U.S. level in the construction materials industry cluster, the fastest growing sectors were the transportation equipment manufacturing, n.e.c. industry (SIC 3799), the structural wood members manufacturing, n.e.c. industry (SIC 2439) and the wood kitchen cabinets industry (SIC 2434). Only the transportation equipment manufacturing, n.e.c. industry had a presence in the Region. Therefore, the cluster's other growth industries may be targets for recruitment if regional assets are attractive to firms within those industries.

В. What industries could be targeted based on the labor clusters?

Another approach is to identify growth industries within the benchmark labor clusters that would find the region's existing labor pool attractive, especially taking into account any recent job losses that have happened within the region. An example of this is the distribution, freight handling labor cluster that declined in employment in the Iowa Great Lakes Region between 1990 and 2000 while the labor cluster grew both statewide and nationally. Are there industries within this labor cluster that are growing nationally which would find the available labor in the Iowa Great Lakes Region attractive? Have there been recent mass layoffs or business closures within the region which would be attractive to industries within the labor clusters in which the downsizing or closing businesses are located?

C. Are there opportunities for entrepreneurs and existing employers within the region?

The identification of gaps within a value-chain cluster, technology cluster or labor cluster could also provide opportunities for entrepreneurs and existing employers within the region to develop new products and enter new markets. Gaps might allow existing businesses to diversify out of declining product lines or industries to new markets existing within the region and beyond.

Market Regionally. D.

If the proactive recruitment of industry is going to focus on industry clusters or the region's labor clusters, then regional marketing efforts should be considered as the most appropriate approach. Marketing regionally helps to better describe the regional economy and regional advantages. Regional marketing has been a good first step toward broader regional economic development strategies for other regional efforts around the country. Any effort to market regionally will require close collaboration between the local economic development professionals and their board leadership, local governments and elected officials. It will also require that all participating organizations have a clear understanding of the purpose of the marketing effort, the targets and the clear set of policies and procedures for funding and implementing the marketing effort.

4. Determine if Cluster-Based Economic Development Strategies are Appropriate.

Can economic development strategies be adjusted to focus on clusters and can we Α. work regionally?

Cluster-based economic development strategies require focusing on the needs of multiple firms and industries over a broader geographic region than is typical for most communities' economic development efforts. Implementation of cluster-based development strategies will likely require local economic development organizations to shift their programming and strategies to focusing on maintaining and growing industry clusters in the region as opposed to a more narrow focus on only the needs of individual local firms. Local economic development groups will also be required to work more closely with other economic development groups and service providers within the region and beyond. Service providers will also likely need to adjust their programming to fit the needs of industry clusters.

As cluster-based economic development strategies are considered, it is important to determine if funding is available locally and regionally to undertake cluster-based efforts. In addition, the organizations and local governments providing funding must have a clear understanding of the region's cluster-based economic development strategies and how the funds will be used and how these uses could be different from previous efforts.

How balanced should economic development strategies be between economic В. diversification and industry concentration in our region?

One of the concerns often raised about cluster-based economic development strategies is that they do not promote industry diversification within a regional economy, but

rather the concentration of industries. With over-concentration, a region's economy could be severally impacted if the industry or industries experience a decline. The analysis shows that in many of the industry clusters several industry sectors are dominant. An example of this in the Iowa Great Lakes Region is the fabricated textiles industry cluster, which in 2000 had nearly all of its employment in the upholstered household furniture industry.

If economic development efforts in the region focus on the growth of industry clusters, a balanced approach should be considered which allows for the leveraging of the region's existing industry linkages and clusters while still allowing for economic diversification. An approach to achieving such a balance is to focus both on the valuechain and technology clusters along with the labor clusters since each of the three benchmark cluster frameworks focuses on different inputs.

5. Determine the Needs of Businesses within the Clusters.

Whether a cluster-based approach is undertaken or not, it is important to identify the needs and issues of existing businesses within the region. If a cluster-based approach is advanced, then the gathering of this information and the implementation of actions and strategies to meet those needs should be shaped around the industry clusters. This will require cooperation among the various economic development organizations and support organizations within the region. An example is a regional industry call program that gathers identical information for significant companies within a cluster. The same contact teams would make visits across the region so there would be consistency of information gathering. Common needs within an industry cluster could include customized workforce training, market research, technology and modernization assistance, exporting assistance or research and development assistance. Other issues might cut across clusters, such as the need for affordable or executive housing, transportation or other infrastructure enhancements such as the access to fiber optics or the need for clean lab facilities for product testing.

6. Benchmark Progress of the Clusters and Region.

It is important for an economic development organization and a community to measure their successes or lack of successes. Traditional success indicators have included job growth, wage rates, business start-ups and expanded taxable valuations. Measuring success for cluster-based economic development efforts will require different measures that focus on the performance within a cluster, such as increased sales, profits, productivity, employment and positive interaction among cluster firms. Obviously, some of these measures are hard to measure or the data is not readily available. Therefore, proxy measures will need to be developed which can provide insights into the progress being made with cluster development.

It is also useful to benchmark the region with the state, nation and other comparable regions to determine comparable progress over time.

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Appendix A

Benchmark Value-Chain Industry Clusters

	talworking and Industrial Machinery	3479	Metal coating and allied services
SIC	Description	3483	Ammunition, exc. for small arms, nec
2514	Metal household furniture	3484	Small arms
2522	Office furniture, except wood	3489	Ordnance and accessories, nec
2542	Partitions and fixtures, except wood	3491	Industrial valves
2591	Drapery hardware & blinds & shades	3492	Fluid power valves & hose fittings
2599	Furniture and fixtures, nec	3493	Steel springs, except wire
3053	Gaskets, packing and sealing devices	3494	Valves and pipe fittings, nec
3255	Clay refractories	3495	Wire springs
3272	Concrete products, nec	3496	Misc. fabricated wire products
3274	Lime	3498	Fabricated pipe and fittings
3312	Blast furnaces and steel mills	3499	Fabricated metal products, nec
3313	Electrometallurgical products	3511	Turbines and turbine generator sets
3315	Steel wire and related products	3519	Internal combustion engines, nec
3316	Cold finishing of steel shapes	3523	Farm machinery and equipment
3317	Steel pipe and tubes	3524	Lawn and garden equipment
3321	Gray and ductile iron foundries	3531	Construction machinery
3322	Malleable iron foundries	3532	Mining machinery
3324	Steel investment foundries	3533	Oil and gas field machinery
3325	Steel foundries, nec	3534	Elevators and moving stairways
3398	Metal heat treating	3535	Conveyors and conveying equipment
3411	Metal cans	3536	Hoists, cranes, and monorails
3412	Metal barrels, drums, and pails	3537	Industrial trucks and tractors
3421	Cutlery	3541	Machine tools, metal cutting types
3423	Hand and edge tools, nec	3542	Machine tools, metal forming types
3425	Saw blades and handsaws	3543	Industrial patterns
3429	Hardware, nec	3544	Special dies, tools, jigs & fixtures
3431	Metal sanitary ware	3545	Machine tool accessories
3433	Heating equipment, except electric	3546	Power-driven handtools
3441	Fabricated structural metal	3547	Rolling mill machinery
3442	Metal doors, sash, and trim	3548	Welding apparatus .
3443	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3549	Metalworking machinery, nec
3444	Sheet metalwork	3552	Textile machinery
3446	Architectural metal work	3553	Woodworking machinery
3448	Prefabricated metal buildings	3554	Paper industries machinery
3449	Miscellaneous metal work	3555	Printing trades machinery
3451	Screw machine products	3556	Food products machinery
3452	Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	3559	Special industry machinery, nec
3462	Iron and steel forgings	3561	Pumps and pumping equipment
3465	Automotive stampings	3562	Ball and roller bearings
3466	Crowns and closures	3563	Air and gas compressors
3469	Metal stampings, nec	3564	Blowers and fans
3471	Plating and polishing	3565	Packaging machinery
			•

2566	0 11 1: 1		
3566	Speed changers, drives, and gears	2033	Canned fruits and vegetables
3567	Industrial furnaces and ovens	2034	Dehydrated fruits, vegetables, soups
3568	Power transmission equipment, nec	2035	Pickles, sauces, and salad dressings
3569	General industrial machinery, nec	2037	Frozen fruits and vegetables
3581	Automatic vending machines	2038	Frozen specialties, nec
3582	Commercial laundry equipment	2043	Cereal breakfast foods
3585	Refrigeration and heating equipment	2044	Rice milling
3586	Measuring and dispensing pumps	2045	Prepared flour mixes and doughs
3589	Service industry machinery, nec	2051	Bread, cake, and related products
3592	Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	2052	Cookies and crackers
3593	Fluid power cylinders & actuators	2053	Frozen bakery products, except bread
3594	Fluid power pumps and motors	2061	Raw cane sugar
3599	Industrial machinery, nec	2062	Cane sugar refining
3612	Transformers, except electronic	2063	Beet sugar
3613	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	2064	Candy & other confectionaries
3621	Motors and generators	2066	Chocolate and cocoa products
3624	Carbon and graphite products	2067	Chewing gum
3631	Household cooking equipment	2068	Salted and roasted nuts and seeds
3632	Household refrigerators and freezers	2079	Edible fats and oils, nec
3633	Household laundry equipment	2082	Malt beverages
3634	Electric housewares and fans	2084	Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits
3639	Household appliances, nec	2085	Distilled and blended liquors
3643	Current carrying wiring devices	2086	Bottled and canned soft drinks
3644	Noncurrent carrying wiring devices	2091	Canned and cured fish and seafoods
3692	Primary batteries, dry and wet	2092	Fresh or frozen prepared fish
3713	Truck and bus bodies	2095	Roasted coffee
3714	Motor vehicle parts and accessories	2096	Potato chips and similar snacks
3715	Truck trailers	2098	Macaroni and spaghetti
3731	Ship building and repairing	2099	Food preparations, nec
3732	Boat building and repairing	2676	Sanitary paper products
3743	Railroad equipment	2861	Gum and wood chemicals
3751	Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	3262	Vitreous china table & kitchenware
3795	Tanks and tank components	3263	Semivitreous table & kitchenware
3821	Laboratory apparatus and furniture	3556	Food products machinery
3949	Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3565	Packaging machinery
3995	Burial caskets	3914	Silverware and plated ware
		3711	Silver ware and placed ware
	Packaged Food Products		Construction Materials
SIC	Description	SIC	Description
2011	Meat packing plants	2273	Carpets and rugs
2013	Sausages and other prepared meats	2394	Canvas and related products
2015	Poultry slaughtering and processing	2421	Sawmills and planing mills, general
2021	Creamery butter	2426	Hardwood dimension & flooring mills
2022	Cheese, natural and processed	2429	Special product sawmills, nec
2022	Dry, condensed, evaporated products	2431	Millwork
2023	Ice cream and frozen desserts	2434	Wood kitchen cabinets
2024	Fluid milk	2434	Hardwood veneer and plywood
2020	Canned specialties	2433	Softwood veneer and plywood
4034	Cumica speciatios	4750	Bottwood veneer and pry wood

2439	Structural wood members, nec	3648	Lighting equipment, nec
2452	Prefabricated wood buildings	3663	Radio & TV communications equipment
2491	Wood preserving	3669	Communications equipment, nec
2493	Reconstituted wood products	3699	Electrical equipment & supplies, nec
2499	Wood products, nec	3799	Transportation equipment, nec
2541	Wood partitions and fixtures	3822	Environmental controls
2679	Converted paper products, nec	3851	Ophthalmic goods
2851	Paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels, etc.	3991	Brooms and brushes
2951	Asphalt paving mixtures and blocks	3996	Hard surface floor coverings, nec
2952	Asphalt felts and coatings	8711	Engineering services
3251	Brick and structural clay tile	8712	Architectural services
3253	Ceramic wall and floor tile	8713	Surveying services
3259	Structural clay products, nec		
3261	Vitreous plumbing fixtures		Printing and Publishing
3264	Porcelain electrical supplies	SIC	Description
3271	Concrete block and brick	2611	Pulp mills
3273	Ready-mixed concrete	2652	Setup paperboard boxes
3275	Gypsum products	2653	Corrugated and solid fiber boxes
3281	Cut stone and stone products	2655	Fiber cans, drums & similar products
3291	Abrasive products	2656	Sanitary food containers
3296	Mineral wool	2657	Folding paperboard boxes
3315	Steel wire and related products	2671	Paper coated & laminated, packaging
3357	Nonferrous wiredrawing & insulating	2672	Paper coated and laminated, nec
3425	Saw blades and handsaws	2673	Bags: plastics, laminated, & coated
3431	Metal sanitary ware	2674	Bags: uncoated paper & multiwall
3432	Plumbing fixture fittings and trim	2675	Die-cut paper and board
3433	Heating equipment, except electric	2676	Sanitary paper products
3442	Metal doors, sash, and trim	2677	Envelopes
3444	Sheet metalwork	2678	Stationery products
3449	Miscellaneous metal work	2679	Converted paper products, nec
3491	Industrial valves	2711	Newspapers: publishing, or pub. & printing
3492	Fluid power valves & hose fittings	2721	Periodicals: publishing and printing
3494	Valves and pipe fittings, nec	2731	Book publishing
3495	Wire springs	2732	Book printing
3496	Misc. fabricated wire products	2741	Miscellaneous publishing
3498	Fabricated pipe and fittings	2752	Commercial printing, lithographic
3561	Pumps and pumping equipment	2754	Commercial printing, gravure
3563	Air and gas compressors	2759	Commercial printing, nec
3585	Refrigeration and heating equipment	2761	Manifold business forms
3586	Measuring and dispensing pumps	2771	Greeting cards
3613	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	2782	Blankbooks and looseleaf binders
3634	Electric housewares and fans	2789	Bookbinding and related work
3639	Household appliances, nec	2791	Typesetting
3643	Current-carrying wiring devices	2796	Platemaking services
3644	Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3275	Gypsum products
3645	Residential lighting fixtures	3861	Photographic equipment and supplies
3646	Commercial lighting fixtures	3953	Marking devices
3647	Vehicular lighting equipment	3955	Carbon paper and inked ribbons
JUT /	, omound ingrining equipment	5,55	Caroon paper and mixed modells

3993	Signs and advertising specialities	3824	Fluid meters and counting devices
3999	Manufacturing industries, nec	3825	Instruments to measure electricity
4812	Radiotelephone communications	3826	Analytical instruments
4813	Telephone communications, exc. radio	3827	Optical instruments and lenses
4822	Telegraph & other message communications	3829	Measuring & controlling devices, nec
4899	Communications services, nec	3841	Surgical and medical instruments
7371	Computer programming services	3844	X-ray apparatus and tubes
7372	Prepackaged software	3845	Electromedical equipment
7373	Computer integrated systems design	3861	Photographic equipment and supplies
7374	Data processing and preparation	3873	Watches, clocks, watchcases and parts
7375	Information retrieval services	3931	Musical instruments
7376	Computer facilities management	7371	Computer programming services
7377	Computer rental & leasing	7372	Prepackaged software
7378	Computer maintenance & repair	7373	Computer integrated systems design
7379	Computer related services, nec	7374	Data processing and preparation
		7375	Information retrieval services
Info	ormation Technology and Instruments	7376	Computer facilities management
SIC	Description	7377	Computer rental & leasing
3471	Plating and polishing	7378	Computer maintenance & repair
3571	Electronic computers	7379	Computer related services, nec
3572	Computer storage devices		
3575	Computer terminals		Chemicals and Plastics
3577	Computer peripheral equipment, nec	SIC	Description
3578	Calculating and accounting equipment	2087	Flavoring extracts and syrups, nec
3579	Office machines, nec	2611	Pulp mills
3596	Scales and balances, exc. laboratory	2621	Paper mills
3625	Relays and industrial controls	2631	Paperboard mills
3629	Electrical industrial apparatus, nec	2812	Alkalies and chlorine
3651	Household audio and video equipment	2813	Industrial gases
3661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	2816	Inorganic pigments
3663	Radio & TV communications equipment	2821	Plastics materials and resins
3669	Communications equipment, nec	2822	Synthetic rubber
3672	Printed circuit boards	2823	Cellulosic manmade fibers
3674	Semiconductors and related devices	2824	Organic fibers, noncellulosic
3675	Electronic capacitors	2841	Soap and other detergents
3676	Electronic resistors	2842	Polishes and sanitation goods
3677	Electronic coils and transformers	2843	Surface active agents
3678	Electronic connectors	2851	Paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels, etc.
3679	Electronic components, nec	2865	Cyclic crudes and intermediates
3694	Engine electrical equipment	2869	Industrial organic chemicals, nec
3699	Electrical equipment & supplies, nec	2875	Fertilizers, mixing only
3728	Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	2879	Agricultural chemicals, nec
3761	Guided missiles and space vehicles	2891	Adhesives and sealants
3769	Space vehicle equipment, nec	2893	Printing ink
3812	Search and navigation equipment	2899	Chemical preparations, nec
3821	Laboratory apparatus and furniture	3011	Tires and inner tubes
3822	Environmental controls	3061	Mechanical rubber goods
3823	Process control instruments	3069	Fabricated rubber products, nec

3081	Unsupported plastics film & sheet	2311	Men's and boys' suits, coats and overcoats
3082	Unsupported plastics profile shapes	2321	Men's and boys' shirts
3083	Laminated plastics plate & sheet	2322	Men's & boys' underwear and nightwear
3084	Plastics pipe	2323	Men's and boys' neckwear
3085	Plastics bottles	2325	Men's and boys' trousers and slacks
3086	Plastics foam products	2326	Men's and boys' work clothing
3087	Custom compound purchased resins	2329	Men's and boys' clothing, nec
3088	Plastics plumbing fixtures	2331	Women's & misses' blouses & shirts
3089	Plastics products, nec	2335	Women's, junior's, & misses' dresses
3111	Leather tanning and finishing	2337	Women's and misses' suits and coats
3291	Abrasive products	2339	Women's and misses' outerwear, nec
3399	Primary metal products, nec	2341	Women's and children's underwear
3559	Special industry machinery, nec	2342	Bras, girdles, and allied garments
3692	Primary batteries, dry and wet	2353	Hats, caps, and millinery
3996	Hard surface floor coverings, nec	2361	Girls' & children's dresses, blouses
8042	Offices and clinics of optometrists	2369	Girls' and children's outerwear, nec
8043	Offices and clinics of podiatrists	2371	Fur goods
8049	Offices of health practitioners, nec	2381	Fabric dress and work gloves
8071	Medical laboratories	2384	Robes and dressing gowns
8072	Dental laboratories	2385	Waterproof outerwear
8092	Kidney dialysis centers	2386	Leather and sheep-lined clothing
8093	Specialty outpatient facilities, nec	2387	Apparel belts
8099	Health and allied services, nec	2389	Apparel and accessories, nec
		2395	Pleating and stitching
Apparel		2397	Schiff li machine embroideries
SIC	Description	2824	Organic fibers, noncellulosic
2211	Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	3965	Fasteners, buttons, needles, & pins
2221	Broadwoven fabric mills, manmade		
2231	Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		Motor Vehicle Manufacturing
2241	Narrow fabric and other smallwares mills	SIC	Description
2251	Women's hosiery, except socks	2273	Carpets and rugs
2252	Hosiery, nec	2299	Textile goods, nec
2253	Knit outerwear mills	2396	Automotive and apparel trimmings
2254	Knit underwear mills	2399	Fabricated textile products, nec
2257	Weft knit fabric mills	2531	Public building and related furniture
2258	Lace & warp knit fabric mills	2599	Furniture and fixtures, nec
2259	Knitting mills, nec	2851	Paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels, etc.
2261	Finishing plants, cotton	2891	Adhesives and sealants
2262	Finishing plants, manmade	3011	Tires and inner tubes
2269	Finishing plants, nec	3052	Rubber & plastics hose & belting
2273	Carpets and rugs	3061	Mechanical rubber goods
2281	Yarn spinning mills	3069	Fabricated rubber products, nec
2282	Throwing and winding mills	3081	Unsupported plastics film & sheet
2284	Thread mills	3082	Unsupported plastics profile shapes
2296	Tire cord and fabrics	3083	Laminated plastics plate & sheet
2297	Nonwoven fabrics	3084	Plastics pipe
2298	Cordage and twine	3085	Plastics bottles
2299	Textile goods nec	3086	Plastics foam products

3087	Custom compound purchased resins	2384	Robes and dressing gowns
3088	Plastics plumbing fixtures	2385	Waterproof outerwear
3089	Plastics products, nec	2386	Leather and sheep lined clothing
3142	House slippers	2387	Apparel belts
3211	Flat glass	2389	Apparel and accessories, nec
3229	Pressed and blown glass, nec	2391	Curtains and draperies
3231	Glass products, made of purchased glass	2392	Housefurnishings, nec
3465	Automotive stampings	2393	Textile bags
3493	Steel springs, except wire	2394	Canvas and related products
3519	Internal combustion engines, nec	2396	Automotive and apparel trimmings
3524	Lawn and garden equipment	2399	Fabricated textile products, nec
3585	Refrigeration and heating equipment	2512	Upholstered household furniture
3592	Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	2515	Mattresses and bedsprings
3641	Electric lamps	2823	Cellulosic manmade fibers
3651	Household audio and video equipment	3021	Rubber and plastics footwear
3694	Engine electrical equipment	3052	Rubber & plastics hose & belting
3711	Motor vehicles and car bodies	3161	Luggage
3713	Truck and bus bodies	3172	Personal leather goods, nec
3714	Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3842	Surgical appliances and supplies
3715	Truck trailers	3942	Dolls and stuffed toys
3716	Motor homes	3965	Fasteners, buttons, needles, & pins
		3995	Burial caskets
	Fabricated Textiles		
SIC	Description		Stone, Clay and Glass Products
2211	Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	SIC	Description
2221	Broadwoven fabric mills, manmade	2873	Nitrogenous fertilizers
2231	Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	2874	Phosphatic fertilizers
2261	Finishing plants, cotton	2911	Petroleum refining
2262	Finishing plants, manmade	3011	Tires and inner tubes
2295	Coated fabrics, not rubberized	3241	Cement, hydraulic
2311	Men's and boys' suits, coats and overcoats	3255	Clay refractories
2321	Men's and boys' shirts	3261	Vitreous plumbing fixtures
2322	Men's & boys' underwear + nightwear	3262	Vitreous china table & kitchenware
2323	Men's and boys' neckwear	3263	Semivitreous table & kitchenware
2325	Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	3264	Porcelain electrical supplies
2326	Men's and boys' work clothing	3269	Pottery products, nec
2329	Men's and boys' clothing, nec	3274	Lime
2331	Women's & misses' blouses & shirts	3295	Minerals, ground or treated
2335	Women's, junior's, & misses' dresses	3297	Nonclay refractories
2337	Women's and misses' suits and coats	3299	Nonmetallic mineral products, nec
2339	Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	3629	Electrical industrial apparatus, nec
2341	Women's and children's underwear		
2342	Bras, girdles, and allied garments		Wood Products and Furniture
2353	Hats, caps, and millinery	SIC	Description
2361	Girls' & children's dresses, blouses	2411	Logging
2369	Girls' and children's outerwear, nec	2426	Hardwood dimension & flooring mills
	onis and onitations outer war, nee	_	
2371	Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves	2431 2434	Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets

2439	Structural wood members, nec		
2441	Nailed wood boxes and shook		Tobacco Products
2448	Wood pallets and skids	SIC	Description
2449	Wood containers, nec	2111	Cigarettes
2451	Mobile homes	2121	Cigars
2452	Prefabricated wood buildings	2131	Chewing and smoking tobacco
2493	Reconstituted wood products	2141	Tobacco stemming and redrying
2499	Wood products, nec		C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2511	Wood household furniture	SIC	Canned and Bottled Beverages Description
2517	Wood TV and radio cabinets	2046	Wet corn milling
2521	Wood office furniture	2040	Dog and cat food
2611	Pulp mills	2047	Prepared feeds, nec
2621	Paper mills	2048	Malt
2631	Paperboard mills	2083	Flavoring extracts and syrups, nec
2861	Gum and wood chemicals		Nitrogenous fertilizers
3792	Travel trailers and campers	2873	Phosphatic fertilizers
3931	Musical instruments	2874	Fertilizers, mixing only
	Duine and Nanfannana Matala	2875	Agricultural chemicals, nec
CIC	Primary Nonferrous Metals	2879	Class containers
SIC	Description	3221	Metal cans
3321	Gray and ductile iron foundries Malleable iron foundries	3411	Wictai Calis
3322	Steel investment foundries		Fat Oil Mills
3324	Steel foundries, nec	SIC	Description
3325	Primary copper	2074	Cottonseed oil mills
3331	Primary nonferrous metals, nec	2075	Soybean oil mills
3339	Copper rolling and drawing	2076	Vegetable oil mills, nec
3351	Nonferrous rolling and drawing, nec	2077	Animal and marine fats and oils
3356	Aluminum die-castings	2079	Edible fats and oils, nec
3363	Nonferrous die-casting exc. aluminum	2019	
3364 3365	Aluminum foundries		Aerospace
	Copper foundries	SIC	Description
3366	Nonferrous foundries, nec	3463	Nonferrous forgings
3369 3399	Primary metal products, nec	3482	Small arms ammunition
3599	Industrial machinery, nec	3483	Ammunition, exc. for small arms, nec
3377		3721	Aircraft
	Leather Goods	3724	Aircraft engines and engine parts
SIC	Description	3728	Aircraft parts and equipment, nec
3111	Leather tanning and finishing	3761	Guided missiles and space vehicles
3131	Boot and shoe cut stock and findings	3764	Space propulsion units and parts
3142	House slippers	3769	Space vehicle equipment, nec
3143	Men's footwear, except athletic	3812	Search and navigation equipment
3144	Women's footwear, except athletic		
3149	Footwear, except rubber, nec		Petroleum Products
3151	Leather gloves and mittens	SIC	Description Carbon black
3171	Women's handbags and purses	2895 2911	Petroleum refining
3172	Personal leather goods, nec	2911	Asphalt paving mixtures and blocks
3199	Leather goods, not elsewhere classified	2931	Asphalt felts and coatings

2992	Lubricating oils and greases	8072	Dental laboratories
2999	Petroleum and coal products, nec	8092	Kidney dialysis centers
		8093	Specialty outpatient facilities, nec
Jewelry		8099	Health and allied services, nec
	Description	8731	Commercial physical research
	Primary nonferrous metals, nec	8732	
3911	3 / 1	8734	Testing laboratories
3915	1 3		C
3961	Costume jewelry	Platem	aking and Typesetting
		SIC	Description
Boat B	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	2791	Typesetting
SIC	Description	2796	Platemaking services
	Boat building and repairing	2893	Printing ink
	Industrial patterns	3555	Printing trades machinery
	Machine tools, metal cutting types		
3519	Internal combustion engines, nec	Securit	ies and Insurance
3511	Turbines and turbine generator sets	SIC	Description
		6231	Security and commodity exchanges
Alumin	um	6282	Investment advice
SIC	Description	6289	Security and commodity exchange nec
2819	Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	6311	life insurance
3334	Primary aluminum	6321	Accident and health insurance
3353	Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	6324	Hospital and medical service plans
3354	Aluminum extruded products	6351	Surety insurance
3355	Aluminum rolling and drawing, nec	6361	Title insurance
3411	Metal cans	6371	Pension, health, and welfare funds
3463	Nonferrous forgings	6399	Insurance carriers, nec
3497	Metal foil and leaf	6531	Real estate agents and managers
Hospita	als, Labs, Specialized Medical Services	Bankin	g and Advertising
	Description	SIC	Description
2731	Book publishing	6011	Federal reserve banks
7371	Computer programming services	6019	Central reserve depository institutions, nec
7372	Prepackaged software	6021	National commercial banks
7373	Computer integrated systems design	6022	State commercial banks
7374	Data processing and preparation	6029	Commercial banks, nec
7375	Information retrieval services	6035	Savings institutions, Federally chartered
7376	Computer facilities management	6036	Savings institutions, not Federally chartered
7377	Computer rental & leasing	6061	Credit unions, Federally chartered
7378	Computer maintenance & repair	6062	Credit unions, not Federally chartered
7379	Computer related services, nec	6081	Branched and agencies of foreign banks
8042	Offices and clinics of optometrists	6082	Foreign trade & intl. banking institutions
8043	Offices and clinics of podiatrists	6091	Nondeposit trust facilities
8049	Offices of health practitioners, nec	6099	Functions related to depository banking, nec
8062	General medical and surgical hospitals	6111	Federal and Fedsponsored credit
8063	Psychiatric hospitals	6141	Personal credit institutions
8069	Specialty hospitals, except psychiatric	6153	Short-term bus. credit institutions, exc. ag
8071	Medical laboratories	6159	Misc. business credit institutions

6162	Mortgage bankers and loan correspondents	4432	Freight trans. on Great Lakes - St. Lawrence
6163	Loan Brokers	4449	Water transport of freight, nec
6211	Security brokers, dealers, & flotation co	4481	Deep sea passenger trans., ex. ferry
6221	Commodity contracts brokers and dealers	4482	Ferries
7311	Advertising agencies	4489	Water passenger transportation, nec
7312	Outdoor advertising services	4491	Marine cargo handling
7313	Radio, TV, publisher representatives	4492	Towing and tugboat service
7319	Advertising, nec	4493	Marinas
		4499	Water transportation services, nec
Legal S	ervices	4512	Air transportation, scheduled
SIC	Description	4513	Air courier services
8111	Legal services	4522	Air transportation, nonscheduled
	-	4612	Crude petroleum pipelines
Transp	ortation, Shipping, & Logistics	4613	Refined petroleum pipelines
SIC	Description	4619	Pipelines, nec
4212	Local Trucking without Storage	4731	Freight transportation arrangement
4213	Trucking, except local	4741	Rental of railroad cars
4214	Local Trucking with Storage	4783	Packing and crating
4215	Courier Services, except Air	4785	Vehicle inspection and weighing services
4221	Farm product warehousing and storage	4789	Transportation services, nec
4222	Refrigerated warehousing and storage		
4225	General warehousing and storage	Pharma	aceuticals
4226	Special warehousing and storage, nec	SIC	Description
4231	Trucking terminal facilities	2833	Medicinals and botanicals
4311	U.S. Postal Service	2834	Pharmaceutical preparations
4412	Deep sea foreign transportation of freight	2835	Diagnostic substances
4424	Deep sea domestic transportation of freight	2836	Biological products exc. diagnostic

Source: Edward .J. Feser, Associate Professor, Department of City and Regional Planning, University of North Carolina – Chapel Hill (2003)

Appendix B

Benchmark Technology-Intensive Clusters

	Chemicals and Plastics	3631	Household cooking equipment
SIC	Description	3643	Current-carrying wiring devices
2812	Alkalies and chlorine	3644	Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices
2813	Industrial gases	3661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus
2816	Inorganic pigments	3663	Radio & TV communications equipment
2821	Plastics materials and resins	3669	Communications equipment, nec
2822	Synthetic rubber	3672	Printed circuit boards
2823	Cellulosic manmade fibers	3674	Semiconductors and related devices
2824	Organic fibers, noncellulosic	3675	Electronic capacitors
2841	Soap and other detergents	3676	Electronic resistors
2842	Polishes and sanitation goods	3677	Electronic coils and transformers
2843	Surface active agents	3678	Electronic connectors
2844	Toilet preparations	3679	Electronic components, nec
2851	Paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels, etc.	3694	Engine electrical equipment
2865	Cyclic crudes and intermediates	3699	Electrical equipment & supplies, nec
2869	Industrial organic chemicals, nec	3812	Search and navigation equipment
2873	Nitrogenous fertilizers	3821	Laboratory apparatus and furniture
2874	Phosphatic fertilizers	3822	Environmental controls
2875	Fertilizers, mixing only	3823	Process control instruments
2879	Agricultural chemicals, nec	3824	Fluid meters and counting devices
2891	Adhesives and sealants	3825	Instruments to measure electricity
2893	Printing ink	3826	Analytical instruments
2899	Chemical preparations, nec	3827	Optical instruments and lenses
3559	Special industry machinery, nec	3829	Measuring & controlling devices, nec
3624	Carbon and graphite products	3844	X-ray apparatus and tubes
3692	Primary batteries, dry and wet	3845	Electromedical equipment
3843	Dental equipment and supplies	7371	Computer programming services
8071	Medical laboratories	7372	Prepackaged software
8072	Dental laboratories	7373	Computer integrated systems design
8092	Kidney dialysis centers	7374	Data processing and preparation
8093	Specialty outpatient facilities, nec	7375	Information retrieval services
8099	Health and allied services, nec	7379	Computer related services, nec
Information Technology and Instruments In		Industrial	Machinery
SIC	Description	SIC	Description
3571	Electronic computers	3511	Turbines and turbine generator sets
3572	Computer storage devices	3532	Mining machinery
3575	Computer terminals	3535	Conveyors and conveying equipment
3577	Computer peripheral equipment, nec	3536	Hoists, cranes, and monorails
3578	Calculating and accounting equipment	3541	Machine tools, metal cutting types
3579	Office machines, nec	3542	Machine tools, metal forming types
3625	Relays and industrial controls	3546	Power-driven handtools
3629	Electrical industrial apparatus, nec	3547	Rolling mill machinery

3549	Metalworking machinery, nec	3728	Aircraft parts and equipment, nec
3553	Woodworking machinery	3761	Guided missiles and space vehicles
3555	Printing trades machinery	3764	Space propulsion units and parts
3556	Food products machinery	3769	Space vehicle equipment, nec
3559	Special industry machinery, nec		
3561	Pumps and pumping equipment	Househol	d Appliances
3563	Air and gas compressors	SIC	Description
3564	Blowers and fans	3632	Household refrigerators and freezers
3565	Packaging machinery	3633	Household laundry equipment
3612	Transformers, except electronic	3635	Household vacuum cleaners
3621	Motors and generators	3639	Household appliances, nec
	-	3716	Motor homes
Motor Ve	hicle Manufacturing		
SIC	Description	Commun	ications Services and Software
2851	Paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels, etc.	SIC	Description
2893	Printing ink	4899	Communications services, nec
3519	Internal combustion engines, nec	7371	Computer programming services
3531	Construction machinery	7372	Prepackaged software
3534	Elevators and moving stairways	7373	Computer integrated systems design
3537	Industrial trucks and tractors	7374	Data processing and preparation
3548	Welding apparatus	7375	Information retrieval services
3641	Electric lamps	7379	Computer related services, nec
3645	Residential lighting fixtures	8711	Engineering services
3646	Commercial lighting fixtures	8712	Architectural services
3647	Vehicular lighting equipment	8713	Surveying services
3648	Lighting equipment, nec	8731	Commercial physical research
3651	Household audio and video equipment	8732	Commercial nonphysical research
3691	Storage batteries	8734	Testing laboratories
3694	Engine electrical equipment	0751	resums incorner
3711	Motor vehicles and car bodies	Dharmac	euticals and Medical Technologies
3713	Truck and bus bodies	SIC	Description
3714	Motor vehicle parts and accessories	2833	Medicinals and botanicals
3715	Truck trailers	2834	Pharmaceutical preparations
3/13	Truck trutions	2835	Diagnostic substances
Aorospoo	•	2836	Biological products exc. diagnostic
Aerospac SIC	Description	3634	Electric housewares and fans
	Special dies, tools, jigs & fixtures	3841	Surgical and medical instruments
3544	Machine tool accessories	3842	Surgical appliances and supplies
3545	Aircraft	8731	Commercial physical research
3721 2724	Aircraft engines and engine parts	8732	Commercial physical research
3724 8734		0/32	Commercial nonphysical research
0/34	Testing laboratories		

Source: Edward .J. Feser, Associate Professor, Department of City and Regional Planning, versity of North Carolina – Chapel Hill (2003)

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Appendix C

Benchmark Labor Clusters

Low Skill, Non-Durable Manufacturing 2353 Hats, Caps, and Millinery 2361 Girls', Children's, and Infants' Dresses, Blouses, 2211 Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton and Shirts 2221 Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade Fiber and 2369 Girls', Children's, and Infants' Outerwear, NEC 2231 Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Wool (Including 2371 Fur Goods Dyeing and Finishing) 2381 Dress and Work Gloves, Except Knit and All-2241 Narrow Fabric and Other Smallware Mills: Leather Cotton, Wool, Silk, and Manmade Fiber 2384 Robes and Dressing Gowns 2251 Women's Full-Length and Knee-Length Hosiery, 2385 Waterproof Outerwear **Except Socks** 2386 Leather and Sheep-Lined Clothing 2252 Hosiery, NEC 2387 Apparel Belts 2253 Knit Outerwear Mills 2389 Apparel and Accessories, NEC 2254 Knit Underwear and Nightwear Mills 2391 Curtains and Draperies 2257 Weft Knit Fabric Mills 2392 Housefurnishings, Except Curtains and Draperies 2258 Lace and Warp Knit Fabric Mills 2393 Textile Bags 2259 Knitting Mills, NEC 2394 Canvas and Related Products 2261 Finishers of Broadwoven Fabrics of Cotton 2395 Pleating, Decorative and Novelty Stitching, and 2262 Finishers of Broadwoven Fabrics of Manmade Tucking for the Trade Fiber and Silk 2396 Automotive Trimmings, Apparel Findings, and 2269 Finishers of Textiles, NEC Related Products 2273 Carpets and Rugs 2397 Schiffli Machine Embroideries 2281 Yarn Spinning Mills 2399 Fabricated Textile Products, NEC 2282 Yarn Texturizing, Throwing, Twisting, and 2821 Plastics Material and Synthetic Resins, and Winding Mills Nonvulcanizable Elastomers 2284 Thread Mills 2822 Synthetic Rubber 2295 Coated Fabrics, Not Rubberized 2823 Cellulosic Manmade Fibers 2296 Tire Cord and Fabrics 2824 Manmade Organic Fibers, Except Cellulosic 2297 Nonwoven Fabrics 2851 Paints, Varnishes, Lacquers, Enamels, and Allied 2298 Cordage and Twine **Products** 2299 Textile Goods, NEC 3021 Rubber and Plastics Footwear 2311 Men's and Boys' Suits, Coats, and Overcoats 3052 Rubber and Plastics Hose and Belting 2321 Men's and Boys' Shirts, Except Work Shirts 3053 Gaskets, Packing, and Sealing Devices 3061 Molded, Extruded, and Lathe-Cut Mechanical 2322 Men's and Boys' Underwear and Nightwear Rubber Goods 2323 Men's and Boys' Neckwear 3069 Fabricated Rubber Products, NEC 2325 Men's and Boys' Trousers and Slacks 3081 Unsupported Plastics Film and Sheet 2326 Men's and Boys' Work Clothing 3082 Unsupported Plastics Profile Shapes 2329 Men's and Boys' Clothing, NEC 3083 Laminated Plastics Plate, Sheet, and Profile 2331 Women's, Misses', and Juniors' Blouses and Shirts Shapes 2335 Women's, Misses', and Juniors' Dresses 3084 Plastics Pipe 2337 Women's, Misses' and Juniors' Suits, Skirts, and 3085 Plastics Bottles Coats 3086 Plastics Foam Products 2339 Women's, Misses', and Juniors' Outerwear, NEC

2341 Women's, Misses', Children's, and Infants'

2342 Brassieres, Girdles, and Allied Garments

Underwear and Nightwear

3087 Custom Compounding of Purchased Plastics

Resins

3088 Plastics Plumbing Fixtures

- 3089 Plastics Products, NEC
- 3111 Leather Tanning and Finishing
- 3151 Leather Gloves and Mittens
- 3161 Luggage
- 3171 Women's Handbags and Purses
- 3172 Personal Leather Goods, Except Women's Handbags and Purses
- 3199 Leather Goods, NEC
- 3523 Farm Machinery and Equipment
- 3524 Lawn and Garden Tractors and Home Lawn and Garden Equipment
- 3531 Construction Machinery and Equipment
- 3532 Mining Machinery and Equipment, Except Oil and Gas Field Machinery and Equipment
- 3533 Oil and Gas Field Machinery and Equipment
- 3534 Elevators and Moving Stairways
- 3535 Conveyors and Conveying Equipment
- 3536 Overhead Traveling Cranes, Hoists, and Monorail Systems
- 3537 Industrial Trucks, Tractors, Trailers, and Stackers
- 3581 Automatic Vending Machines
- 3582 Commercial Laundry, Drycleaning, and Pressing Machines
- 3585 Air-Conditioning and Warm Air Heating Equipment and Commercial and Industrial Refrigeration Equipment
- 3586 Measuring and Dispensing Pumps
- 3589 Service Industry Machinery, NEC
- 3631 Household Cooking Equipment
- 3632 Household Refrigerators and Home and Farm Freezers
- 3633 Household Laundry Equipment
- 3634 Electric Housewares and Fans
- 3635 Household Vacuum Cleaners
- 3639 Household Appliances, NEC
- 3792 Travel Trailers and Campers
- 3795 Tanks and Tank Components
- 3799 Transportation Equipment, NEC
- 3911 Jewelry, Precious Metal
- 3914 Silverware, Plated Ware, and Stainless Steel Ware
- 3915 Jewelers' Findings and Materials, and Lapidary Work

Information Processing

- 4731 Arrangement of Transportation of Freight and Cargo
- 6311 Life Insurance
- 6321 Accident and Health Insurance
- 6324 Hospital and Medical Service Plans

- 6331 Fire, Marine, and Casualty Insurance
- 6351 Surety Insurance
- 6361 Title Insurance
- 6371 Pension, Health, and Welfare Funds
- 6399 Insurance Carriers, NEC
- 6531 Real Estate Agents and Managers
- 7371 Computer Programming Services
- 7372 Prepackaged Software
- 7373 Computer Integrated Systems Design
- 7374 Computer Processing and Data Preparation and Processing Services
- 7375 Information Retrieval Services
- 7376 Computer Facilities Management Services
- 7377 Computer Rental and Leasing
- 7378 Computer Maintenance and Repair
- 7379 Computer Related Services, NEC
- 8721 Accounting, Auditing, and Bookkeeping Services

Low Skill, Misc. Manufacturing

- 2011 Meat Packing Plants
- 2013 Sausages and Other Prepared Meats
- 2015 Poultry Slaughtering and Processing
- 2032 Canned Specialties
- 2033 Canned Fruits, Vegetables, Preserves, Jams, and Jellies
- 2034 Dried and Dehydrated Fruits, Vegetables, and Soup Mixes
- 2035 Pickled Fruits and Vegetables, Vegetable Sauces and Seasonings, and Salad Dressings
- 2037 Frozen Fruits, Fruit Juices, and Vegetables
- 2038 Frozen Specialties, NEC
- 2091 Canned and Cured Fish and Seafood
- 2092 Prepared Fresh or Frozen Fish and Seafoods
- 2095 Roasted Coffee
- 2096 Potato Chips, Corn Chips, and Similar Snacks
- 2097 Manufactured Ice
- 2098 Macaroni, Spaghetti, Vermicelli, and Noodles
- 2099 Food Preparations, NEC
- 2421 Sawmills and Planing Mills, General
- 2426 Hardwood Dimension and Flooring Mills
- 2429 Special Product Sawmills, NEC
- 2441 Nailed and Lock Corner Wood Boxes and Shook
- 2448 Wood Pallets and Skids
- 2449 Wood Containers, NEC
- 2499 Wood Products, NEC
- 2791 Typesetting

- 2796 Platemaking and Related Services
- 2841 Soaps and Other Detergents, Except Speciality Cleaners
- 2842 Speciality Cleaning, Polishing, and Sanitary Preparations
- 2843 Surface Active Agents, Finishing Agents, Sulfonated Oils, and Assistants
- 2844 Perfumes, Cosmetics, and Other Toilet Preparations
- 3142 House Slippers
- 3143 Men's Footwear, Except Athletic
- 3144 Women's Footwear, Except Athletic
- 3149 Footwear, Except Rubber, NEC
- 4412 Deep Sea Foreign Transportation of Freight
- 4424 Deep Sea Domestic Transportation of Freight
- 4432 Freight Transportation on the Great Lakes St. Lawrence Seaway
- 4449 Water Transportation of Freight, NEC
- 4481 Deep Sea Transportation of Passengers, Except by Ferry
- 4482 Ferries
- 4489 Water Transportation of Passengers, NEC
- 4491 Marine Cargo Handling
- 4492 Towing and Tugboat Services
- 4493 Marinas
- 4499 Water Transportation Services, NEC
- 4783 Packing and Crating
- 4785 Fixed Facilities and Inspection and Weighing Services for Motor Vehicle Transportation
- 4789 Transportation Services, NEC

Standardized Heavy Industry

- 2611 Pulp Mills
- 2621 Paper Mills
- 2631 Paperboard Mills
- 3131 Boot and Shoe Cut Stock and Findings
- 3211 Flat Glass
- 3221 Glass Containers
- 3229 Pressed and Blown Glass and Glassware, NEC
- 3231 Glass Products, Made of Purchased Glass
- 3312 Steel Works, Blast Furnaces (Including Coke Ovens), and Rolling Mills
- 3313 Electrometallurgical Products, Except Steel
- 3315 Steel Wiredrawing and Steel Nails and Spikes
- 3316 Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet, Strip, and Bars
- 3317 Steel Pipe and Tubes
- 3321 Gray and Ductile Iron Foundries
- 3322 Malleable Iron Foundries
- 3324 Steel Investment Foundries

- 3325 Steel Foundries, NEC
- 3331 Primary Smelting and Refining of Copper
- 3334 Primary Production of Aluminum
- 3339 Primary Smelting and Refining of Nonferrous Metals, Except Copper and Aluminum
- 3341 Secondary Smelting and Refining of Nonferrous Metals
- 3351 Rolling, Drawing, and Extruding of Copper
- 3353 Aluminum Sheet, Plate, and Foil
- 3354 Aluminum Extruded Products
- 3355 Aluminum Rolling and Drawing, NEC
- 3356 Rolling, Drawing, and Extruding of Nonferrous Metals, Except Copper and Aluminum
- 3357 Drawing and Insulating of Nonferrous Wire
- 3363 Aluminum Die-Castings
- 3364 Nonferrous Die-Castings, Except Aluminum
- 3365 Aluminum Foundries
- 3366 Copper Foundries
- 3369 Nonferrous Foundries, Except Aluminum and Copper
- 3411 Metal Cans
- 3412 Metal Shipping Barrels, Drums, Kegs, and Pails
- 3421 Cutlery
- 3423 Hand and Edge Tools, Except Machine Tools and Handsaws
- 3425 Saw Blades and Handsaws
- 3429 Hardware, NEC
- 3431 Enameled Iron and Metal Sanitary Ware
- 3432 Plumbing Fixture Fittings and Trim
- 3433 Heating Equipment, Except Electric and Warm Air Furnaces
- 3451 Screw Machine Products
- 3452 Bolts, Nuts, Screws, Rivets, and Washers
- 3462 Iron and Steel Forgings
- 3463 Nonferrous Forgings
- 3465 Automotive Stamping
- 3466 Crowns and Closures
- 3469 Metal Stamping, NEC
- 3471 Electroplating, Plating, Polishing, Anodizing, and Coloring
- 3479 Coating, Engraving, and Allied Services, NEC
- 3482 Small Arms Ammunition
- 3483 Ammunition, Except for Small Arms
- 3484 Small Arms
- 3489 Ordnance and Accessories, NEC
- 3491 Industrial Valves
- 3492 Fluid Power Valves and Hose Fittings
- 3493 Steel Springs, Except Wire

- 3494 Valves and Pipe Fittings, NEC
- 3495 Wire Springs
- 3496 Miscellaneous Fabricated Wire Products
- 3497 Metal Foil and Leaf
- 3498 Fabricated Pipe and Pipe Fittings
- 3499 Fabricated Metal Products, NEC
- 3511 Steam, Gas, and Hydraulic Turbines, and Turbine Generator Set Units
- 3519 Internal Combustion Engines, NEC
- 3561 Pumps and Pumping Equipment
- 3562 Ball and Roller Bearings
- 3563 Air and Gas Compressors
- 3564 Industrial and Commercial Fans and Blowers and Air Purification Equipment
- 3565 Packaging Machinery
- 3566 Speed Changers, Industrial High-Speed Drives, and Gears
- 3567 Industrial Process Furnaces and Ovens
- 3568 Mechanical Power Transmission Equipment, NEC
- 3569 General Industrial Machinery and Equipment, NFC
- 3711 Motor Vehicles and Passenger Car Bodies
- 3713 Truck and Bus Bodies
- 3714 Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories
- 3715 Truck Trailers
- 3716 Motor Homes
- 3743 Railroad Equipment
- 3841 Surgical and Medical Instruments and Apparatus
- 3842 Orthopedic, Prosthetic, and Surgical Appliances and Supplies
- 3843 Dental Equipment and Supplies
- 3844 X-Ray Apparatus and Tubes and Related Irradiation Apparatus
- 3845 Electromedical and Electrotherapeutic Apparatus
- 3851 Ophthalmic Goods
- 4311 United States Postal Service

High End Information/Business Services

- 2711 Newspapers: Publishing, or Publishing and Printing
- 2721 Periodicals: Publishing, or Publishing and Printing
- 2731 Books: Publishing, or Publishing and Printing
- 2732 Book Printing
- 2741 Miscellaneous Publishing
- 2752 Commercial Printing, Lithographic
- 2754 Commercial Printing, Gravure

- 2759 Commercial Printing, NEC
- 7311 Advertising Agencies
- 7312 Outdoor Advertising Services
- 7313 Radio, Television, and Publishers' Advertising Representatives
- 7319 Advertising, NEC
- 8111 Legal Services

Distribution, Freight Handling

- 2411 Logging
- 3271 Concrete Block and Brick
- 3272 Concrete Products, Except Block and Brick
- 3273 Ready-Mixed Concrete
- 3274 Lime
- 3275 Gypsum Products
- 4212 Local Trucking Without Storage
- 4213 Trucking, Except Local
- 4214 Local Trucking with Storage
- 4215 Courier Services Except by Air
- 4221 Farm Product Warehousing and Storage
- 4222 Refrigerated Warehousing and Storage
- 4225 General Warehousing and Storage
- 4226 Special Warehousing and Storage, NEC
- 4231 Terminal and Joint Terminal Maintenance Facilities for Motor Freight Transportation
- 4512 Air Transportation, Scheduled
- 4513 Air Courier Services
- 4522 Air Transportation, Nonscheduled
- 4581 Airports, Flying Fields, and Airport Terminal Services

Electronics, Measuring Devices

- 3571 Electronic Computers
- 3572 Computer Storage Devices
- 3575 Computer Terminals
- 3577 Computer Peripheral Equipment, NEC
- 3578 Calculating and Accounting Machines, Except Electronic Computers
- 3579 Office Machines, NEC
- 3612 Power, Distribution, and Specialty Transformers
- 3613 Switchgear and Switchboard Apparatus
- 3621 Motors and Generators
- 3624 Carbon and Graphite Products
- 3625 Relays and Industrial Controls
- 3629 Electrical Industrial Apparatus, NEC
- 3641 Electric Lamp Bulbs and Tubes
- 3643 Current-Carrying Wiring Devices
- 3644 Noncurrent-Carrying Wiring Devices

- 3645 Residential Electric Lighting Fixtures
- 3646 Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Electric Lighting Fixtures
- 3647 Vehicular Lighting Equipment
- 3648 Lighting Equipment, NEC
- 3651 Household Audio and Video Equipment
- 3652 Phonograph Records and Prerecorded Audio Tapes and Disks
- 3661 Telephone and Telegraph Apparatus
- 3663 Radio and Television Broadcasting and Communications Equipment
- 3669 Communications Equipment, NEC
- 3671 Electron Tubes
- 3672 Printed Circuit Boards
- 3674 Semiconductors and Related Devices
- 3675 Electronic Capacitors
- 3676 Electronic Resistors
- 3677 Electronic Coils, Transformers, and Other Inductors
- 3678 Electronic Connectors
- 3679 Electronic Components, NEC
- 3691 Storage Batteries
- 3692 Primary Batteries, Dry and Wet
- 3694 Electrical Equipment for Internal Combustion Engines
- 3695 Magnetic and Optical Recording Media
- 3699 Electrical Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies, NEC
- 3821 Laboratory Apparatus and Furniture
- 3822 Automatic Controls for Regulating Residential and Commercial Environments and Appliances
- 3823 Industrial Instruments for Measurement, Display, and Control of Process Variables; and Related Products
- 3824 Totalizing Fluid Meters and Counting Devices
- 3825 Instruments for Measuring and Testing of Electricity and Electrical Signals
- 3826 Laboratory Analytical Instruments
- 3827 Optical Instruments and Lenses
- 3829 Measuring and Controlling Devices, NEC
- 3861 Photographic Equipment and Supplies

Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals

- 2812 Alkalies and Chlorine
- 2813 Industrial Gases
- 2816 Inorganic Pigments
- 2819 Industrial Inorganic Chemicals, NEC
- 2833 Medicinal Chemicals and Botanical Products
- 2834 Pharmaceutical Preparations

- 2835 In Vitro and In Vivo Diagnostic Substances
- 2836 Biological Products, Except Diagnostic Substances
- 2861 Gum and Wood Chemicals
- 2865 Cyclic Organic Crudes and Intermediates, and Organic Dyes and Pigments
- 2869 Industrial Organic Chemicals, NEC
- 2873 Nitrogenous Fertilizers
- 2874 Phosphatic Fertilizers
- 2875 Fertilizers, Mixing Only
- 2879 Pesticides and Agricultural Chemicals, NEC
- 2891 Adhesives and Sealants
- 2892 Explosives
- 2893 Printing Ink
- 2895 Carbon Black
- 2899 Chemicals and Chemical Preparations, NEC

Telecomm and Banking

- 4812 Radiotelephone Communications
- 4813 Telephone Communications, Except Radiotelephone
- 6011 Federal Reserve Banks
- 6019 Central Reserve Depository Institutions, NEC
- 6021 National Commercial Banks
- 6022 State Commercial Banks
- 6029 Commercial Banks, NEC
- 6035 Savings Institutions, Federally Chartered
- 6036 Savings institutions, Not Federally Chartered
- 6061 Credit Unions, Federally Chartered
- 6062 Credit Unions, Not Federally Chartered
- 6081 Branches and Agencies of Foreign Banks
- 6082 Foreign Trade and International Banking Institutions
- 6091 Nondeposit Trust Facilities
- 6099 Functions Related to Deposit Banking, NEC
- 6111 Federal and Federally-Sponsored Credit Agencies
- 6141 Personal Credit Institutions
- 6153 Short-Term Business Credit Institutions, Except Agricultural
- 6159 Miscellaneous Business Credit Institutions
- 6162 Mortgage Bankers and Loan Correspondents
- 6163 Loan Brokers

Science Intensive Petroleum 2911 Petroleum Refining 3761 Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles 3764 Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Propulsion 3721 Aircraft Units and Propulsion Unit Parts 3724 Aircraft Engines and Engine Parts 3769 Guided Missile Space Vehicle Parts and 3728 Aircraft Parts and Auxiliary Equipment, NEC Auxiliary Equipment, NEC 4612 Crude Petroleum Pipelines 3812 Search, Detection, Navigation, Guidance, 4613 Refined Petroleum Pipelines Aeronautical, and Nautical Systems and 4619 Pipelines, NEC Instruments 4822 Telegraph and Other Message Communications 4899 Communications Services, NEC **Health Services** 8011 Offices and Clinics of Doctors of Medicine 8711 Engineering Services 8021 Offices and Clinics of Dentists 8712 Architectural Services 8031 Offices and Clinics of Doctors of Osteopathy 8713 Surveying Services 8041 Offices and Clinics of Chiropractors 8731 Commercial Physical and Biological Research 8042 Offices and Clinics of Optometrists 8732 Commercial Economic, Sociological, and **Educational Research** 8043 Offices and Clinics of Podiatrists 8733 Noncommercial Research Organizations 8049 Offices and Clinics of Health Practitioners, NEC 8734 Testing Laboratories 8051 Skilled Nursing Care Facilities 8052 Intermediate Care Facilities **High Tech Machinery, Instruments** 8059 Nursing and Personal Care Facilities, NEC 3541 Machine Tools, Metal Cutting Type 8062 General Medical and Surgical Hospitals 3542 Machine Tools, Metal Forming Type 8063 Psychiatric Hospitals 3543 Industrial Patterns 8069 Specialty Hospitals, Except Psychiatric 3544 Special Dies and Tools, Die Sets, Jigs and 8071 Medical Laboratories Fixtures, and Industrial Molds 8072 Dental Laboratories 3545 Cutting Tools, Machine Tool Accessories, and 8082 Home Health Care Services Machinists' Precision Measuring Devices 8092 Kidney Dialysis Centers 3546 Power-Driven Handtools 8093 Specialty Outpatient Facilities, NEC 3547 Rolling Mill Machinery and Equipment 8099 Health and Allied Services, NEC 3548 Electric and Gas Welding and Soldering Equipment Specialized Labor Intensive 3549 Metalworking Machinery, NEC 1081 Metal Mining Services 3552 Textile Machinery 2451 Mobile Homes 3553 Woodworking Machinery 3554 Paper Industries Machinery 2452 Prefabricated Wood Buildings and Components 2491 Wood Preserving 3555 Printing Trades Machinery and Equipment 2493 Reconstituted Wood Products 3556 Food Products Machinery 3559 Special Industry Machinery, NEC 2511 Wood Household Furniture, Except Upholstered 2512 Wood Household Furniture, Upholstered 3592 Carburetors, Pistons, Piston Rings, and Valves 2514 Metal Household Furniture 3593 Fluid Power Cylinders and Actuators 3594 Fluid Power Pumps and Motors 2515 Mattresses, Foundations, and Convertible Beds 2517 Wood Television, Radio, Phonograph and 3596 Scales and Balances, Except Laboratory Sewing Machine Cabinets 3599 Industrial and Commercial Machinery and 2519 Household Furniture, NEC Equipment, NEC 2521 Wood Office Furniture 3931 Musical Instruments

2522 Office Furniture, Except Wood2531 Public Building and Related Furniture

2591	Drapery Hardware and Window Blinds and	3965	Fasteners, Buttons, Needles, and Pins
	Shades	3991	Brooms and Brushes
	Furniture and Fixtures, NEC	3993	Signs and Advertising Specialties
	Setup Paperboard Boxes	3995	Burial Caskets
	Corrugated and Solid Fiber Boxes	3996	Linoleum, Asphalted-Felt-Base, and Other Hard
	Fiber Cans, Tubes, Drums, and Similar Products		Surface Floor Coverings, NEC
	Sanitary Food Containers, Except Folding	3999	Manufacturing Industries, NEC
	Folding Paperboard Boxes, Including Sanitary		
2671	Packaging Paper and Plastics Film, Coated and Laminated		and Tobacco Manufacturing Creamery Butter
2672	Coated and Laminated Paper, NEC		Natural, Processed, and Imitation Cheese
2673	Plastics, Foil, and Coated Paper Bags		Dry, Condensed, and Evaporated Dairy Products
2674	Uncoated Paper and Multiwall Bags		Ice Cream and Frozen Desserts
2675	Die-Cut Paper and Paperboard and Cardboard		Fluid Milk
2676	Sanitary Paper Products	2041	Flour and Other Grain Mill Products
2677	Envelopes	2043	Cereal Breakfast Foods
2678	Stationery, Tablets, and Related Products	2044	Rice Milling
	Converted Paper and Paperboard Products, NEC		Prepared Flour Mixes and Doughs
2761	Manifold Business Forms		Wet Corn Milling
	Greeting Cards	2047	Dog and Cat Food
2782	Blankbooks, Loose-leaf Binders and Devices	2048	Prepared Feed and Feed Ingredients for Animals
2789	Bookbinding and Related Work		and Fowls, Except Dogs and Cats
3011	Tires and Inner Tubes	2051	Bread and Other Bakery Products, Except
	Metal Heat Treating	2052	Cookies and Crackers
	Primary Metal Products, NEC		Cookies and Crackers
	Fabricated Structural Metal		Frozen Bakery Products, Except Bread
3442	Metal Doors, Sash, Frames, Molding, and Trim Manufacturing		Cane Sugar, Except Refining Cane Sugar Refining
3443	Fabricated Plate Work (Boiler Shops)	2063	Beet Sugar
3444	Sheet Metal Work	2064	Candy and Other Confectionery Products
3446	Architectural and Ornamental Metal Work	2066	Chocolate and Cocoa Products
3448	Prefabricated Metal Buildings and Components	2067	Chewing Gum
3449	Miscellaneous Structural Metal Work	2068	Salted and Roasted Nuts and Seeds
3731	Ship Building and Repairing	2074	Cottonseed Oil Mills
3732	Boat Building and Repairing	2075	Soybean Oil Mills
3751	Motorcycles, Bicycles, and Parts	2076	Vegetable Oil Mills, Except Corn, Cottonseed,
3873	Watches, Clocks, Clockwork Operated Devices and Parts	2077	and Soybeans Animal and Marine Fats and Oils
3942	Dolls and Stuffed Toys	2079	
	Games, Toys, and Children's Vehicles, Except		Edible Fats and Oils, NEC
	Dolls and Bicycles	2082	Malt Beverages
3949	Sporting and Athletic Goods, NEC	2083	Malt
3951	Pens, Mechanical Pencils, and Parts	2084	Wines, Brandy, and Brandy Spirits
3952	Lead Pencils, Crayons, and Artist's Materials		Distilled and Blended Liquors
3953	Marking Devices	2086	Bottled and Canned Soft Drinks and Carbonated
3955	Carbon Paper and Inked Ribbons	200-	Waters
3961	Costume Jewelry and Costume Novelties,		Flavoring Extracts and Flavoring Syrups NEC
	Except Precious Metals	2111	Cigarettes

- 2121 Cigars
- 2131 Chewing and Smoking Tobacco and Snuff
- 2141 Tobacco Stemming and Redrying
- 2992 Lubricating Oils and Greases
- 2999 Products of Petroleum and Coal, NEC

Securities

- 6211 Security Brokers, Dealers, and Flotation Companies
- 6221 Commodity Contracts Brokers and Dealers
- 6231 Security and Commodity Exchanges
- 6282 Investment Advice
- 6289 Services Allied With the Exchange of Securities or Commodities, NEC

Building Products

- 2431 Millwork
- 2434 Wood Kitchen Cabinets
- 2435 Hardwood Veneer and Plywood
- 2436 Softwood Veneer and Plywood
- 2439 Structural Wood Members, NEC
- 3299 Nonmetallic Mineral Products, NEC

- 2541 Wood Office and Store Fixtures, Partitions, Shelving, and Lockers
- 2542 Office and Store Fixtures, Partitions, Shelving, and Lockers, Except Wood
- 3241 Cement, Hydraulic
- 3251 Brick and Structural Clay Tile
- 3253 Ceramic Wall and Floor Tile
- 3255 Clay Refractories
- 3259 Structural Clay Products, NEC
- 3261 Vitreous China Plumbing Fixtures and China and Earthenware Fittings and Bathroom Accessories
- 3262 Vitreous China Table and Kitchen Articles
- 3263 Fine Earthenware (Whiteware) Table and Kitchen Articles
- 3264 Porcelain Electrical Supplies
- 3269 Pottery Products, NEC
- 3281 Cut Stone and Stone Products
- 3295 Minerals and Earths, Ground or Otherwise Treated
- 3296 Mineral Wool

Source: Edward .J. Feser, Associate Professor, Department of City and Regional Planning, University of North Carolina – Chapel Hill (2003)